

LITTLE HAITI COMMUNITY NEEDS ASSESSMENT

2015



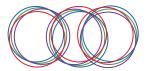




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# **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**



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- ▶ Catalyst Miami
- ▶ Clinic Bazille
- ▶ Family Impressions, Inc.
- ▶ Island TV
- ▶ Jessie Trice Community Mental Health Center
- ▶ Miami Dade County Juvenile Assessment Center
- Miami Edison Senior High School
- New Horizon's Community Mental Health Center
- ▶ Northeast 2nd Avenue Partnership
- ▶ Office of Miami-Dade County Commissioner Audrey Edmonson
- ▶ Sant La Haitian Neighborhood Center
- ▶ The Children's Trust
- ▶ The City of Miami Mayor's Office
- ▶ The City of Miami Neighborhood Enhancement Team
- ▶ The City of Miami Police Department
- ▶ The Community Christian Church
- ▶ The Florida Department of Juvenile Justice
- ▶ The Haitian American Community Development Corp.
- ▶ Toussaint Lourverture Elementary School
- ▶ MDCPS Educational Transformation Office
- ▶ South Florida Behavioral Health Network
- ▶ State Attorney's Office Community Relations Department
- ▶ Urban League of Greater Miami
- ▶ Urban Partnership Drug Free Communities Coalition

The overall coordination of this project was provided by Morneque Moore-Ramos. Her commitment to the project, along with that of the Little Haiti Community Needs Assessment Committee members were integral to the completion of the assessment. The community assessment surveys were distributed throughout Little Haiti in part due to the kindness of volunteers from Gang Alternative's Youth Splash participants. Additionally, we extend recognition to the individuals who facilitated the focus groups: Pastor Eddy Gervais, Mirva Cadet, Simoze Deorleans, Kerby Dostaly, Ezra Dieuveille, and Denise Moise. Special thanks to Little Haiti residents who took the time to complete the community assessment survey and to parents, teachers and students from Miami Edison Senior High School who served as focus group participants. Thank you.

## Michael Nozile, MPA

CEO/Executive Director, Gang Alternative



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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Gang Alternative, Inc. (GA) is a not-for profit corporation that was established "to engage boys and girls and their families in the Greater Miami area in positive alternatives to youth violence and delinquency by offering a holistic approach to their academic, physical, social and spiritual development". This organization was established in response to a need within the community. GA believes that community youth should have nurturing and involved families, succeed academically, develop to their full potential as adults of good character, be gainfully employed and give back to their community as role models and mentors. Throughout its history The need for additional youth services and pro-GA has been dedicated to fostering positive outcomes for the community's young people.

Specially, GA oversees the Uniting People Lifting Individuals and Families Together (UPLIFT), also called UPLIFT Little Haiti, which seeks to provide children and parents comprehensive care coordination services in the Little Haiti community. Through this program, participants receive a duce youth violence/disruptive behavior, chronic school absenteeism, child maltreatment and other at-risk behaviors related to child safety, health and school success.

provides UPLIFT with an existing base of community mobilization, a partnership structure and cadre of direct service providers in the community that implements services quickly. To address the growing need for the expansion of services, GA, with funding from the Children's Trust, sought to complete a community needs assessment to identify unmet service need in Miami's Little Haiti community.

Some key findings from the implementation of the community needs assessment include:

- gramming to address safety concerns related to youth in the community. Specifically, youth commented feeling unsafe while at school due to bullying and the presence of weapons. In addition, many residents and students remarked that their safety concerns extended beyond safety while at school. Residents were concerned with the safety of youth travelling both to and from school.
- suite of care coordination activities in order to re- > The need for additional early childhood education programs. Over half of residents surveyed indicated there was a need in this area. Early childhood education programs that focus on cognitive and social emotional development have lasting effects



As a founding member and lead agency of the Urban Partnership Drug-Free Community Coalition (UPDFCC), GA has successfully administered several local, state and federal grants while pioneering existing partnerships with numerous Miami agen- The need for dropout recovery programs that procies. The UPDFCC is a key partner in UPLIFT, with several of its partners already engaged in this new partnership effort. Leveraging of this partnership



for both youth (e.g., increasing their learning potential) and families (e.g., improve the ability for parents to obtain and retain employment).

vide alternative pathways to a high school diploma. Almost half of all males ages 18-24 living within the community have not received their high school



degree. The effects of dropping out from school are far reaching and impact not only individuals, resulting in lower earnings, a greater chance of unemployment, and a greater chance of health problems, but also the community through higher crime rates, the loss of tax revenue and increased costs of public assistance programs.<sup>1</sup>

- The need to address crime control and the perceived poor relationship between community residents and police. This issue was noted as one of the community's greatest challenges by a number of residents.
- The need to address unemployment, job placement, and vocational rehabilitation in order to improve basic quality of life for many residents. Poverty rate estimates indicate that a large percentage residents in the community have household incomes less than \$10,000.

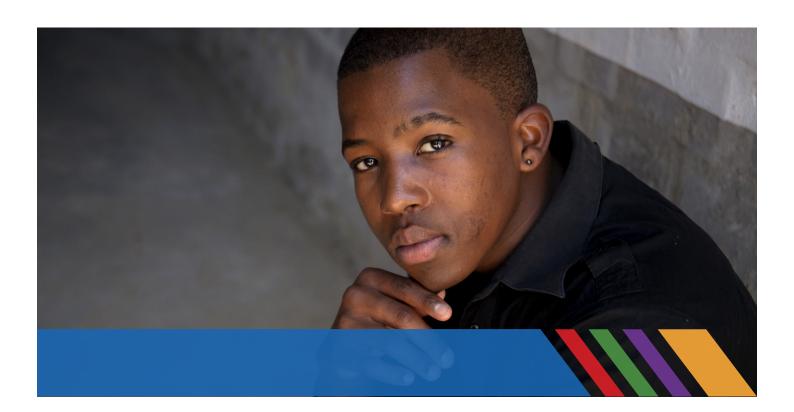
# INTRODUCTION

Gang Alternatives, Inc. is a non-profit corporation whose primary goal is to provide families in the Greater Miami area in positive alternatives to youth violence and delinquency by offering a holistic approach to needs. In an effort to better understand the needs and priorities of the Little Haiti community, a community needs assessment was conducted in collaboration with Q-Q Research Consultants. Little Haiti residents were queried to gather their perceptions regarding the needs of the community among a number of domains including health, education, and services. This report aims to afford social service providers, county officials, county residents, and other community entities with a snapshot of the community's perception of the needs of residents in Little Haiti.

# REPORT ORGANIZATION

This report is organized into three sections.

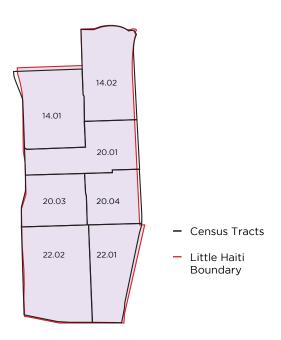
- A socio-demographic profile that provides information on a number of social and economic demographic indicators for Little Haiti using data gleaned from existing public data.
- Aggregate data results from the community needs assessment are presented.
- Key issues are highlighted based on overall results of community needs assessment.



# POPULATION DEMOGRAPHICS

# **Neighborhood Profile**

The neighborhood of Little Haiti is located within the heart of the city of Miami. The area and is approximately 3.5 square miles and is easily accessible via the I-95 expressway and Julia Tuttle Causeway. Little Haiti is not an incorporated city or township, but rather is a neighborhood whose boundaries are debatable. Little Haiti gained its name in the late 1970's and early 1980's when many Haitian immigrants came to Miami and settled in an area including Lemon City, Little River and Buena Vista to flee the regime of Jean Claude Duvalier.<sup>2</sup>



According to a map obtained from the City of Miami Neighborhood Enhancement Team (NET), there are 7 census tracts that map almost seamlessly onto the neighborhood considered to be Little Haiti; 14.01, 14.2, 20.01, 20.03, 20.04, 22.02 and

22.01. Census tracts are "small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county delineated by a local committee of census data users for the purpose of presenting data". Census tract boundaries normally follow observable boundaries and are designed to be reasonably homogeneous units with respect to the characteristics of the general population averaging approximately 4,000 inhabitants.3 A detailed map and physical description of the boundaries of each census tracts can be found in Appendix A. The zip codes that correspond to the 7 census tracts are 33127, 33150, 33137, 33138. The census tracts represent a more accurate picture of the neighborhood of Little Haiti than do zip codes, as the zip code boundaries extend both east and west of the boundaries typically used to represent Little Haiti.

Data regarding a number of social and economic graphic indicators reflecting population characteristic for residents of Little Haiti is available through the American Community Survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau.

# **General Population Characteristics**

This section of the report will discuss various population characteristics of Little Haiti, according to information from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year estimates (2009-2013). Detailed information on each of the 7 census tract complied by the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program into a Population and Housing Narrative Profile is provided in Appendix B of this report.

According to information from the U.S. Census Bureau, in 2013, the city of Miami was home to almost 400,000 residents. Approximately 8% of those residents reside in Little Haiti. In general, the racial and ethnic composition of the Little Haiti neighborhood differs from that of the city of Miami as a whole. In Little Haiti, the majority of residents are African American (74.5%), and only 20.5% of the

|               | <b>Total Population, 2013</b> | % Male | % African American | % Hispanic |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------|------------|
| Little Haiti  | 30,642                        | 48.4%  | 74.5%              | 20.5%      |
| City of Miami | 399,457                       | 49.8%  | 16.3%              | 70.0%      |

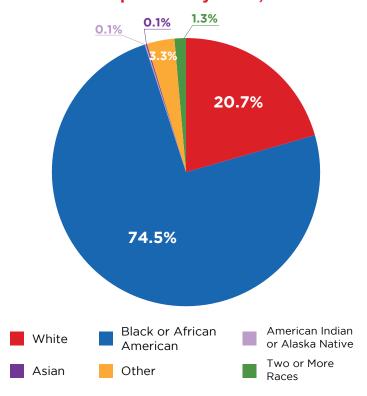


population identifies as Hispanic. Conversely, in the larger city of Miami, the majority of residents identify as Hispanic (70%), while a minority are African American (16.3%). In terms of sex, Little Haiti, like the larger city of Miami, is nearly equally divided, with males accounting for 48.4% of the population and females accounting for the remaining 51.6% of the population.

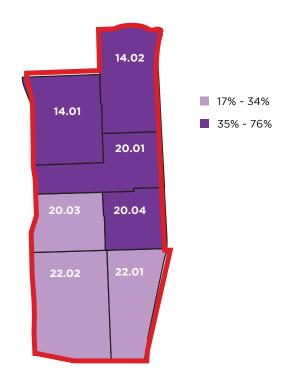
ics reside in the southern part of Little Haiti (census tracts 20.03, 20.04, 22.02 and 22.01) than in the more northern parts.

Little Haiti also has a large concentration of residents of Haitian ancestry. In census tracts 14.01, 14.02, 20.01 and 20.04 between 35% and 76% of residents identify as Haitian. In the remaining tracts, between 17%-34% of residents identify as Haitian.

# **Estimated Population by Race, 2009-2013**



# Percentage of Residents Identifying as Haitian



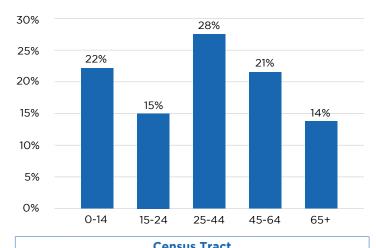
According to the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey's 5 year estimates from 2009-2013, population data indicate that Blacks accounted for 74.5% of Little Haiti's population followed by Whites (20.7%), while small percentages of the population identified as Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, or other. An additional 1.3% of the population responded that they identified with two or more races. Furthermore, 20.5% of residents identified as Hispanic/Latino. Among Hispanic subgroups, 22% were of Cuban ancestry, 17% were Puerto Rican, and 3% were of Mexican descent. The remaining 58% of Hispanics responded that they belonged to other Hispanic subgroups. It should also be noted that larger concentrations of Hispanics

35%-76%
of the population are
Haitian in 4 of the 7
districts



In 2013, the largest segment of the population in Little Haiti was between the ages of 25-44 years old (28%). Similar trends were found for the population between ages 0-14 years (22%) and 45-64 years (21%). The median age for the population of Little Haiti varied by census tract, ranging from 24.1 years of age in tract 14.02 to 37.8 years of age in tract 22.02. In general, the northern part of the neighborhood is younger than the southern part of the neighborhood.

## **Estimated Population by Age in Years**



|                           |       |       | CCIISUS | Huce  |       |       |       |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                           | 14.01 | 14.02 | 20.01   | 20.03 | 20.04 | 22.02 | 22.01 |
| Median<br>Age in<br>Years | 32.9  | 24.1  | 36.3    | 30.4  | 35.8  | 37.8  | 36.5  |

# Households and Families, 2009-2013

In 2009-2013, there were approximately 9,600 households in Little Haiti. The average household size was approximately 3 people. Families made up 58% of households. This figure includes both married-couple families (22%) and other families (36%). Of other families, 17% are female householder families with no husband present and have children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 42% of all households. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder. In Little Haiti, 998 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, 27% of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

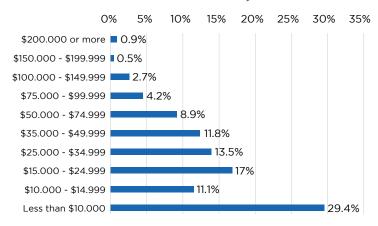
| Household Type                               | Percentage |
|--|------------|
| Family Households                            | 58%        |
| Married-couple households                    | 22%        |
| Female households, no husband present, child | 17%        |
| Grandparents, living with children           | 10%        |
| Nonfamily households                         | 42%        |



#### **Income**

Five-year estimates from the 2009-2013 American Community Survey indicate that the largest percentage of household incomes for Little Haiti was less than \$10,000.

#### Household Income Levels, 2009-13



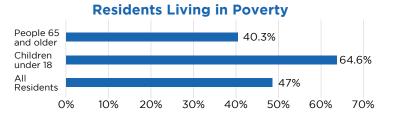
Data also showed that median household income for Little Haiti varied widely across the 7 tracts, ranging from a low of \$10,180 to a high of \$36,819. The median income for each tract is lower than the median income of Miami-Dade County as of 2015 (\$49,990).

#### Household Income Levels, 2009-13



# Poverty and Participation in Government Programs, 2009-2013

In 2009-2013, 47% of people living in Little Haiti reported were in poverty. An estimated 64.6% of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 40.3% of people 65 years old and over.

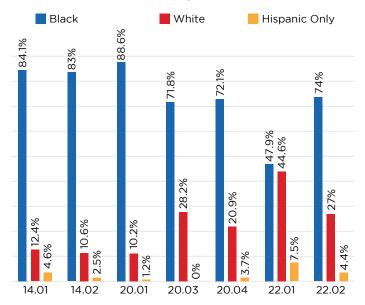


SNAP offers nutrition assistance to eligible, low-income individuals and families and provides economic benefits to communities. Overall, 38.4% of households in Little Haiti received assistance through SNAP.

The percentage of families receiving assistance varied by census tract as did the racial/ethnic composition of households receiving assistance. Over 50% of households in Tract 14.02 were receiving assistance. In the more southern parts of the neighborhood, a larger percentage of households receiving SNAP identified as Hispanic (i.e., 7.5%).

|   | 14.01 | 14.02 | 20.01 | 20.03 | 20.04 | 22.02 | 22.01 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Households<br>receiving<br>SNAP assis-<br>tance | 42.3% | 51.5% | 37.9% | 30.6% | 41.8% | 22.8% | 34.6% |

# **Racial/Ethnic Composition of Households** receiving SNAP



# Housing Units and Cost, 2009-2013

There are approximately 11,723 housing units available in Little Haiti, with 9,573 (82%) of available units being occupied. Out of the 9,573 households living in a unit in Little Haiti, the majority consist of 1 to 3 occupants. The majority of units consist of 2 more units in a structure, with 15% having 20 or more units. In addition, much of the neighborhood consists of structures built before 1970 (64%). The majority of occupants in Little Haiti are renters

(71%). Overall, the cost of renting is less than the cost of owning, with the majority of renters paying between \$500 and \$1500 a month for rent, while the majority of owners pay over \$1000 a month. For both owners and renters, living costs related to mortgage or rent occupy at least 35% of income for over 60% of occupants, which is indicative of a housing cost burden.

# **Household Size** 2.799 2.310 1.595 1.140 808 483 438 1 Person 2 Person 3 Person 4 Person 5 Person 6 Person

| Year Moved into Unit     | Percentage |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Moved in 2010 or later   | 26.6%      |
| Moved in 2000 to 2009    | 49.1%      |
| Moved in 1990 to 1999    | 10.8%      |
| Moved in 1980 to 1989    | 5.6%       |
| Moved in 1970 to 1979    | 5.2%       |
| Moved in 1969 or earlier | 2.6%       |
| Total Occupied Units     | 9619       |

Household

Household

Household

Household

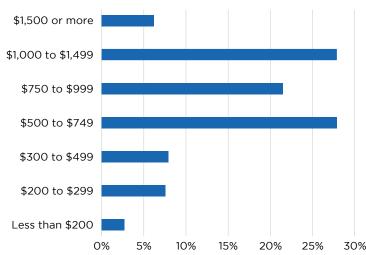
Household

7 Person

Household

| Year Structure Built  | Percentage |
|-----------------------|------------|
| Built 2010 or later   | 2.1%       |
| Built 2000 to 2009    | 13.2%      |
| Built 1990 to 1999    | 4.3%       |
| Built 1980 to 1989    | 6.3%       |
| Built 1970 to 1979    | 9.9%       |
| Built 1960 to 1969    | 11.3%      |
| Built 1950 to 1959    | 21.6%      |
| Built 1940 to 1949    | 13.8%      |
| Built 1939 or earlier | 17.4%      |
| Total housing units   | 11,723     |

### **Monthly Renter Cost as Percent of Income**



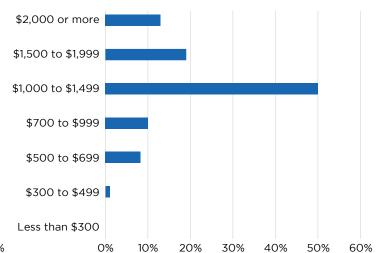
Across the 7 tracts, median monthly housing costs ranged from \$521 to \$1140. Median rent was highest in tracts 22.01 (\$961) and 22.02 (\$1140), indicating that rent is most expensive in the southern part of the neighborhood. For mortgaged owners, median monthly housing costs ranged \$1070 to \$1355 for 6 of the 7 tracts. Tract 14.02 had a median monthly mortgage cost that was substantially higher than the other tracts at \$2271.

# Veterans, 2009-2013

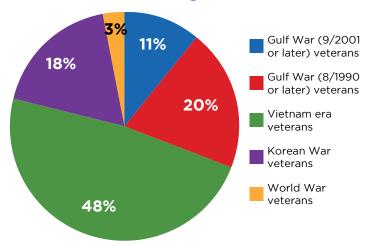
ACS Census data indicates that Little Haiti was home to 583 veterans during 2009-2013. About 98% of all of the veterans were males. The largest concentration of veterans can be found in tracts 14.01 and 22.01 with over half of all veterans living in those two areas. All female veterans lived within census tract 20.04. Data indicate that 71.4% of veterans identified as Black or African American, 15.1% identified as Hispanic and 10.9% identified as Caucasian only.

These data also indicated that 399 of the veterans are labor force eligible (between 18 and 64 years of age) but only 51.8% of eligible veterans are active in the labor force. Approximately 83% of these individuals were employed. Information regarding the disability status of any unemployed veterans was not available. To the right is a figure that shows the percentage of veterans by war.

# **Monthly Mortgage Cost as Percent of Income**



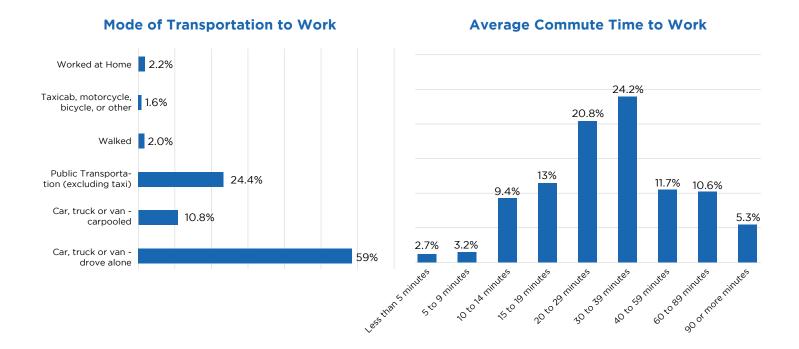
## **Veterans residing in Little Haiti**







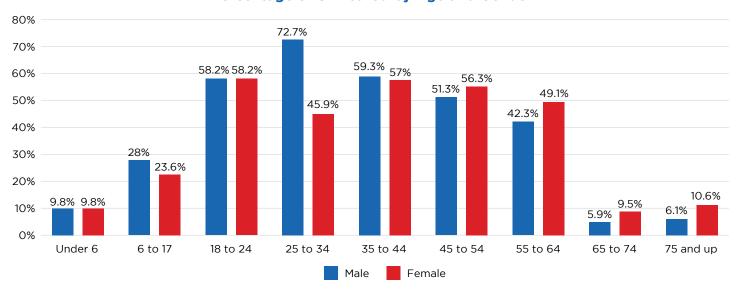
An estimated 59% of Little Haiti's workers drove to work alone in 2009-2013, and 10.8% carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, over 50% of residents took over 30 minutes to get to work.





Among the civilian population in Little Haiti in 2009-2013, 60% had health insurance coverage and 40% did not have health insurance coverage. The majority of children under 6 were insured, about a fourth of children between 6 and 17 were uninsured. Males and females were insured at similar rates, with the exception of the 25 to 34 age range, in which 72% of males were uninsured while only 45% of females were uninsured.

# Percentage of Uninsured by Age and Gender





# Employment, 2009-13

According to five-year estimates from the ACS, the percent of the population 16 and over who were employed ranged from 39.6% to 57.4% by census tract. Between 35 and 48 percent of residents were not currently in the labor force. Census tract 22.01 had the highest rate of residents in the labor force and the lowest rate of unemployment at 12%. The unemployment rates for the remaining tracts ranged from 20.7% to 29.4%. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, unemployment for the City of Miami ranged approximately between 9 and 10% during 2013.

Data also showed that larger percentages of women with children under 6 were unemployed during this time compared to women in general.

| Census<br>Tract                | 14.01 | 14.02 | 20.01 | 20.03 | 20.04 | 22.02 | 22.01 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| In Labor<br>Force              | 56.3% | 56.1% | 53.2% | 51.7% | 57.3% | 65.2% | 54.1% |
| Employed                       | 41.5% | 39.6% | 39.3% | 44.1% | 41.2% | 57.4% | 42.1% |
| Unem-<br>ployed                | 26.3% | 29.4% | 29.4% | 20.7% | 27.7% | 12.0% | 22.2% |
| Total<br>Population<br>over 16 | 4084  | 3650  | 3206  | 2638  | 2305  | 3098  | 4548  |

Employment in the community ranges from

39.6% to 57.4%

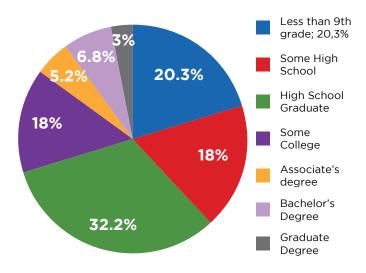


There are four elementary schools, three middle schools and seven high schools serving the youth of Little Haiti. While all of these schools are not located within the boundaries of Little Haiti, the attendance boundaries for these schools include students who reside in Little Haiti. A complete list of these schools and accompanying demographics is provided below. While there are several post-secondary options within the greater Miami-Dade area, none exist within the community boundaries.

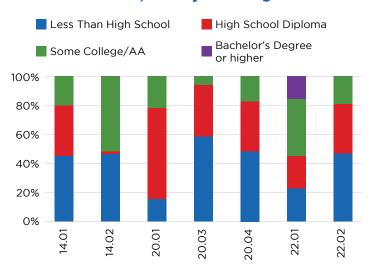
# Demographic Characteristics of Miami-Dade County Public Schools serving Little Haiti

| Total N | % Male  | % Black  | % Hispanic  | % Free and Reduced Lunch   |
|---------|---|--|---|--|
| 537     | 49.3  | 89.9   | 8.6   | 97.2   |
| 643     | 53.3  | 71.7   | 18  | 95.6   |
| 434     | 48.4  | 79.5   | 15.9  | 94   |
| 531     | 48.4  | 70.4   | 22.8  | 89.8   |
| 629     | 54.8  | 50.6   | 47.9  | 91.9   |
| 740     | 50.7  | 8.08   | 16.5  | 94.2   |
| 978     | 52.8  | 83.2   | 14.6  | 97.1   |
| 106     | 61.3  | 69.8   | 25.5  | 89.6   |
| 1851    | 54.3  | 79.7   | 19.3  | 82.8   |
| 790     | 49.9  | 83.3   | 15.4  | 82.5   |
| 1625    | 51.6  | 29.5   | 69.7  | 87.7   |
| 1599    | 44.5  | 91.9   | 7.5   | 83.9   |
| 2558    | 52.1  | 85.2   | 12.6  | 92.5   |
| 982     | 52.5  | 53.3   | 45.2  | 90.8   |
|         | 537<br>643<br>434<br>531<br>629<br>740<br>978<br>106<br>1851<br>790<br>1625<br>1599<br>2558 | 537 49.3<br>643 53.3<br>434 48.4<br>531 48.4<br>629 54.8<br>740 50.7<br>978 52.8<br>106 61.3<br>1851 54.3<br>790 49.9<br>1625 51.6<br>1599 44.5<br>2558 52.1 | 537       49.3       89.9         643       53.3       71.7         434       48.4       79.5         531       48.4       70.4         629       54.8       50.6         740       50.7       80.8         978       52.8       83.2         106       61.3       69.8         1851       54.3       79.7         790       49.9       83.3         1625       51.6       29.5         1599       44.5       91.9         2558       52.1       85.2 | 537       49.3       89.9       8.6         643       53.3       71.7       18         434       48.4       79.5       15.9         531       48.4       70.4       22.8         629       54.8       50.6       47.9         740       50.7       80.8       16.5         978       52.8       83.2       14.6         106       61.3       69.8       25.5         1851       54.3       79.7       19.3         790       49.9       83.3       15.4         1625       51.6       29.5       69.7         1599       44.5       91.9       7.5         2558       52.1       85.2       12.6 |

# **Educational Attainment, 25 years and older**



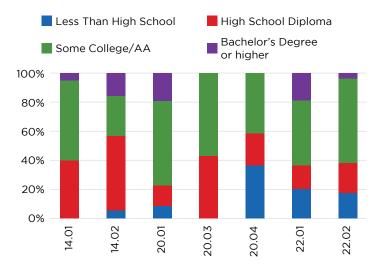
# **Educational Attainment Males, 18-24 years of age**



According to five-year estimates obtained from the 2013 American Community Survey, almost half of all males ages 18-24 have less than a high school diploma in 5 of the 7 census tracts. In tracts 20.01 and 22.01, almost 80% of males have a high school diploma or higher. In contrast, almost 90% of females ages 18-24 have earned at least a high school diploma or higher in tracts 14.01, 14.02, 20.01 and 20.03. In tracts 20.04, 22.01 and 22.02, a higher percentage of females have not earned a high school diploma ranging from 16% to 35%. In general, with respect to sex, a greater percentage of women ages 18-24 attend college than men of the same age, with about half of all women residents having at least some college. Tract 22.01 has the highest concentration of advanced degrees, with 16% of males and 19% of females ages 18-24 having completed bachelor's degrees and another 40 to 50% of youth having completed at least some college. However, in this same tract approximately 20% of youth have not earned their high school diploma.

With respect to residents ages 25 years and older, almost 40% have not completed their high school degree with 20% having less than a 9th grade education. However, 15% of residents have completed an advanced degree.

# **Educational Attainment Females, 18-24 years of age**





Community needs assessments are conducted in an effort to ascertain the availability and access to vital services and any unmet needs within a community. Conducting a community needs assessment is a phased process. They typically comprise (a) initial planning meetings by a committee of organizational partners and community leaders convened to outline the goals of the needs assessment, (b) administration of surveys and facilitation of focus groups within the community, (c) compilation of findings based on data in the form of a written report, (d) dissemination of report to community members and stakeholders, and (e) subsequent community meetings to discuss findings and to develop strategic plans of action.

In response to residents' needs, Gang Alternatives, Inc. (GA) has established the Urban Family Partnership for Little Haiti (UFPLH) also called UPLIFT Little Haiti. Specially, this program seeks to provide children and parents comprehensive care coordination services in the Little Haiti community. Through this program, participants receive a suite of care coordination activities in order to reduce youth violence/disruptive behavior, chronic school absenteeism, child maltreatment and other atrisk behaviors related to child safety, health and school success. In response to the growing need for expansion of services, GA, with funding from the Children's Trust, sought to conduct an initial assessment of the needs of Little Haiti residents in order to identify unmet service need gaps.

# **METHODOLOGY**

GA established a community needs assessment committee in order to develop a needs assessment action plan in September 2014. This community needs assessment was constructed based on plans developed through that committee and comprises quantitative and qualitative data amassed from a variety of sources. Three primary methods were used to collect the data: (1) Little Haiti resident surveys, (2) focus groups, and (3) secondary data.

- Resident Surveys Staff and volunteers from Gang Alternatives administered surveys to Little Haiti residents by going door to door and by interacting with residents at three different community events between October 2014 and December 2014. The surveys comprised a number of items querying residents' perceptions of the community's challenges including: education, environment, housing, infrastructure, health, economy, youth development, human services, domestic violence, senior care and public safety. Eighty face-to-face surveys were obtained. Demographic information regarding respondents was not collected. In addition, community strengths were not assessed.
- Focus Groups Staff and volunteers from GA conducted focus groups between August and November of 2014 with several types of community stakeholders including youth, business leaders, parents, teachers, religious leaders. In addition, a community town hall listening session was held. The questions to lead focus groups discussions were developed by the GA community needs assessment committee. These questions can be found in Appendix D. In general, questions targeted residents' perceptions of the community's strengths and challenges involving employment and training, education, youth development, family services, and transportation.
- Secondary Data Secondary data was compiled from Federal, State, and local resources. Specifically, secondary data were gleaned from U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, Miami-Dade Department

of Juvenile Justice arrest data, 211 Helpline call center data, South Florida Behavioral Health Network treatment data, City of Miami Police Department reports, and Miami-Dade County Public Schools online resources.

There are a few methodological matters that should be noted. The data displayed in this report represent raw/actual respondent data. This was a fairly small-scale assessment of the community needs, and methodologies regarding sampling strategies were not implemented. Thus, the use of sampling weights was not substantiated. Additionally, survey respondents and focus group participants were not asked to provide demographic information. As such, information regarding the sample characteristics is not available. Furthermore, while respondents were asked to delineate their community needs, community strengths were not assessed via survey. Finally, despite survey instructions to circle the top five critical needs of the community, 93% of the respondents circled more than 5 needs. In light of this limitation, data was analyzed under the assumption that respondents were able to check all responses. Any findings should be interpreted in light of these methodological matters.

Questions targeted residents'
perceptions of the community's
strengths and challenges
involving employment and
training, education, youth
development, family services,
and transportation

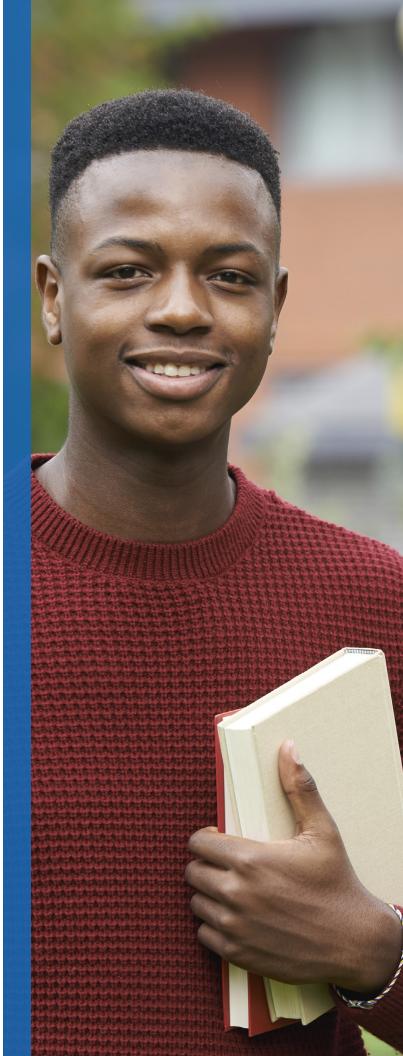
# **COMMUNITY CHALLENGES**

In order to ascertain the top needs of residents in Little Haiti Community, a survey was developed by members of UPLIFT Little Haiti Community Needs Assessment steering committee. Little Haiti residents were asked to select the top five critical needs of their community. The survey provided to residents listed twelve broad categories of possible needs from which respondents were able to select from 46 total choices. A copy of the survey is provided in Appendix C. Surveys were available in both English and Haitian Creole. Eighty respondents filled out surveys, and 61.3% of surveys were filled out in Haitian Creole. The majority of surveys were collected at one of three community events.

| Place of Collection         | Frequency | Percent |
|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Door to Door                | 7         | 8.8     |
| Compassion Project          | 42        | 52.5    |
| Red Ribbon                  | 17        | 21.3    |
| Youth Splash Parent Meeting | 14        | 17.5    |
| Total                       | 80        | 100     |

Despite instructions to circle the top five critical needs, 93% of the respondents circled more than 5 needs. Residents' responses are shown in the tables below; the most frequently selected items are followed by the least frequently selected items. For a few items, there was endorsement by the same number of residents (indicated by the same ranking).

| Rank | <b>Community Need</b> | Frequency | Percent |
|------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|
| 1    | Education             | 72        | 90.0%   |
| 2    | Environment           | 70        | 87.5%   |
| 3    | Housing               | 69        | 86.3%   |
| 3    | Infrastructure        | 69        | 86.3%   |
| 4    | Health                | 64        | 80.0%   |
| 5    | Economy               | 63        | 78.8%   |
| 6    | Youth Development     | 62        | 77.5%   |
| 7    | Human Services        | 58        | 72.5%   |
| 8    | Domestic Violence     | 57        | 71.3%   |
| 9    | Senior Care           | 50        | 62.5%   |
| 10   | Public Safety         | 41        | 51.3%   |





# **PARENTS**

Two focus groups were held with parents from the Little Haiti community. The overarching themes of concern raised by parents were related to safety and youth development programs. One primary concern was related to safety in relation to children's travel to and from school. Many parents stressed that they were employed in industries that required them to be on site during the time when children must travel to and from school. As such, they are unable to ensure their child's safety themselves, thus relying on the community resources (i.e., police or crossing guards) to ensure that they arrive at their schools and return home safely.

Both groups of parents indicated they felt the community has a less than desirable relationship with law enforcement. Parents commented that police response time is slow when calls are made for assistance. Parents also stressed that a lack of police presence sends the wrong message to the criminal element in the community. Parents believe that this lack of presence could lead to an increase in crime, as the criminals will not fear punishment or arrest if sufficient personnel are not available to apprehend criminals and investigate crimes by following up with witnesses in the surrounding community.

# **YOUTH**

Two focus groups were held with youth from 5th to 12th grade. The three main concerns raised by youth were safety, cleanliness of the neighborhood, and a

lack of activities. The youth indicated that they felt unsafe both in and out of school. They commented that while many youth are truant, others attend school and engage in bullying or bring weapons to school. They felt schools needed increased security and police presence. Some youth even indicated that at times they felt that their teachers/administrators did not care enough about them or the issues they were facing. In general, youth felt that more positive activities for youth outside of school were needed in order to teach them the skills necessary for success and in order to keep them off the streets and out of trouble.

# **TEACHERS**

Three focus groups were held with teachers at three area schools. The three main concerns expressed by the teachers were safety, job opportunities, and parental involvement in education. They felt that the neighborhood was not safe due to high crime rates. They echoed the concerns of parents in that they feared for the safety of children who had to travel to and from school without adult supervision while parents worked. In addition, teachers commented on the lack of job opportunities in the area, especially for those that may have previous criminal backgrounds.

# **PASTORS**

One focus group was held with local pastors. Pastors focused on three themes including safety, drugs, and religious involvement of residents. Pastors





tors echoed the concerns of parents and remarked that more police presence was needed along with a team policing process. Pastors believed that the high neighborhood crime rates were a symptom of a lack of opportunity for jobs and employment. The pastors felt as though the community demographics are changing with an increasing Hispanic presence. Finally, the pastors were in agreement in that they viewed the church as a place where residents should have access to resources that could improve their lives and the community as a whole.

**TOWN HALL** 

One town hall listening session was held. One primary concern of residents was the future and direction of the youth. Residents remarked that youth too often were "hanging out" with nothing to do and that too many youth had access to weapons. They felt that youth need to learn to respect education and should be provided with more opportunities to develop skills that will help them succeed. Youth are in need of direct contact with successful professional role models in their community so that they have something to aspire to. In general, residents felt that the community was in need of more programming.

Residents were also very concerned about their safety. Several personal anecdotes of poor police presence and response time were shared amongst the audience members. The residents felt as if there were not enough police. They called for officers to

be placed strategically throughout the community (i.e., at bus stops). Finally, they requested additional town hall forums with elected officials present so that grievances could be addressed directly to their officials. They felt communication between residents and elected officials could be improved.



# **BUSINESS LEADERS**

One listening session was held with business leaders. The main concern or barrier to establishing and maintaining businesses in the community was access to capital. Business leaders felt that they could do more and have a more meaningful presence if capital was more readily available for those wanting to open businesses in the Little Haiti community.



# 211 Call Center Data

The 211 call center is fully funded by The Children's Trust in Miami-Dade County. By dialing 211, parents, caregivers and adolescents can reach specially trained Switchboard of Miami counselors 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, in English, Spanish and Creole. Unlike the 311 Miami-Dade County hotline, 211 is not a referral line to local government services. Callers contact 211 to access health and social services in their community and express a wide variety of needs. Call center summary data from January to October of 2014 was provided by the Switchboard of Miami for the following zip codes: 33127, 33137, 33138 and 33150. Each call received is logged into a database and given a highly specific category code classified using to Alliance of Information and Referral Systems (AIRS) taxonomy system. Specific caller needs were grouped together into broader categories for summary purposes and ranked from most to least frequent in the Problem Needs Summary Tables shown on page 25. In addition, tables were created to highlight the more specific issues that residents asked for assistance with. A need was included in the specific needs tables below if 1% of callers contacted the helpline for assistance

with the same issue. Demographics of callers in each zip code are also presented.

The top need in each zip code is delineated below.

| Zip Code | Top Need                    |
|----------|-----------------------------|
| 33150    | Food Pantries               |
| 33138    | Food Pantries               |
| 33127    | Food Pantries               |
| 33137    | General Counseling Services |

## 33150

Zip code 33150 is located in the northwestern area of Little Haiti. The following tables present the race, ethnicity, and gender of callers contacting 211 for assistance residing in 33150. In total, there were 1133 calls placed. The majority of calls were made by Females (81.6%). With respect to race, Black or African America residents (65.8%) called most often. With regard to ethnicity, the majority of calls were placed by residents who identified as non-Hispanic, non-Haitian (55.3%), followed by Hispanics (19.9%) and Haitians (11.5%).



| Race  | Calls |
|---|-------|
| Other   | 101   |
| Refused (HUD)                                   | 132   |
| White (HUD)                                     | 139   |
| Black or African American (HUD)                 | 745   |
| American Indian or Alaska Native (HUD)          | 8     |
| Don't Know (HUD)                                | 4     |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (HUD) | 3     |
| Asian (HUD)                                     | 1     |
| Ethnicity                                       | Calls |
| Haitian   | 130   |
| Refused (HUD)                                   | 138   |
| Hispanic/Latino (HUD)                           | 225   |
| Non-Hispanic/Non-Haitian                        | 626   |
| Don't Know (HUD)                                | 14    |
| Gender  | Calls |
| Male  | 205   |
| Female  | 925   |
| Refused   | 3     |
|   |       |

Callers who resided in 33150 contacted the helpline most frequently for issues related to basic needs including housing/utilities and food/meals. The third

and fourth most frequent issues raised by callers were related to individual, family and community support and health care.

| Rank | AIRS Official Problem Needs<br>Summary (33150) | Num-<br>ber of<br>Calls |
|------|--|-------------------------|
| 1    | Housing/Utilities                              | 579                     |
| 2    | Food/Meals                                     | 356                     |
| 3    | Individual, Family and Community Support       | 164                     |
| 4    | Health Care                                    | 146                     |
| 5    | Mental Health/Addictions                       | 128                     |
| 6    | Arts, Culture and Recreation                   | 98                      |
| 7    | Education                                      | 82                      |
| 8    | Information Services                           | 82                      |
| 9    | Legal, Consumer and Public Safety              | 76                      |
| 10   | Clothing/Personal/Household Needs              | 68                      |
| 11   | Income Support/Assistance                      | 61                      |
| 12   | Employment                                     | 27                      |
| 13   | Transportation                                 | 15                      |
| 14   | Volunteers/Donations                           | 12                      |
| 15   | Other Government/Economic Services             | 7                       |
| 16   | Other  | 2                       |
| 17   | Disaster Services                              | 1                       |
|      | Total  | 1904                    |

More specifically, 12.5% of callers requested assistance regarding food pantries. Approximately 7% of callers requested information locating rent payment assistance and another 6% of callers were in need of emergency shelter. Other common needs included assistance with utility payments and emergency food. Residents also called for information regarding summer camps, tutoring and child care providers.

| Rank | AIRS Specific Issue<br>Description (33150) | Needs | Percent of Calls |
|------|--|-------|------------------|
| 1    | Food Pantries                              | 238   | 12.50%           |
| 2    | Rent Payment Assistance                    | 138   | 7.25%            |
| 3    | Emergency Shelter                          | 116   | 6.09%            |
| 4    | Utility Service Payment Assistance         | 79    | 4.15%            |
| 5    | Emergency Food                             | 75    | 3.94%            |
| 6    | Summer Camps                               | 73    | 3.83%            |
| 7    | Information and Referral                   | 58    | 3.05%            |
| 8    | Emergency Shelter Clearing-<br>houses      | 47    | 2.47%            |
| 9    | Low Income/Subsidized Private Rental       | 43    | 2.26%            |
| 10   | Transitional Housing/Shelter               | 42    | 2.21%            |
| 11   | Tutoring Services                          | 32    | 1.68%            |
| 12   | Case/Care Management                       | 32    | 1.68%            |
| 13   | Community Clinics                          | 31    | 1.63%            |
| 14   | Tax Preparation Assistance                 | 29    | 1.52%            |
| 15   | Individual Counseling                      | 29    | 1.52%            |
| 16   | Child Care Providers                       | 24    | 1.26%            |
| 17   | General Counseling Services                | 23    | 1.21%            |
| 18   | Community Mental Health                    | 19    | 1.00%            |
|      |  |       |                  |

## 33138

Zip code 33138 is located in the northeastern area of Little Haiti. The following tables present the race, ethnicity, and gender of callers contacting 211 for assistance who resided in 33138. In total, there were 697 calls placed. The majority of calls were made by Females (69.6%). With respect to race, Black or African America residents (51.5%) called most often. With regard to ethnicity, the majority of calls were placed by residents who identified as non-Hispanic, non-Haitian (52.3%), followed by Hispanics (20.5%) and Haitians (11.3%).

| Race          | Calls |
|---------------|-------|
| Refused (HUD) | 71    |

| Other   | 60    |
|---|-------|
| White (HUD)                                     | 191   |
| Black or African American (HUD)                 | 359   |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (HUD) | 3     |
| Don't Know (HUD)                                | 9     |
| Asian (HUD)                                     | 3     |
| American Indian or Alaska Native (HUD)          | 1     |
| Ethnicity                                       | Calls |
| Refused (HUD)                                   | 76    |
| Don't Know (HUD)                                | 11    |
| Non-Hispanic/Non-Haitian                        | 365   |
| Haitian   | 79    |
| Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino (HUD)                   | 23    |
| Hispanic/Latino (HUD)                           | 143   |
| Gender  | Calls |
| Male  | 209   |
| Female  | 485   |
| Refused   | 3     |
|   | 697   |

Callers who resided in 33138 contacted the helpline most frequently for issues related to basic needs including housing/utilities and food/meals. The third most frequent issue raised by callers was related to mental health (including addiction).

| Rank | AIRS Official Problem Needs<br>Summary (33138) | Needs |
|------|--|-------|
| 1    | Housing/Utilities                              | 306   |
| 2    | Food/Meals                                     | 197   |
| 3    | Mental Health/Addictions                       | 152   |
| 4    | Individual, Family and Community Support       | 90    |
| 5    | Arts, Culture and Recreation                   | 72    |
| 6    | Health Care                                    | 54    |
| 7    | Information Services                           | 53    |
| 8    | Legal, Consumer and Public Safety              | 44    |
| 9    | Education                                      | 34    |
| 10   | Employment                                     | 27    |
| 11   | Income Support/Assistance                      | 26    |
| 12   | Volunteers/Donations                           | 26    |
| 13   | Clothing/Personal/Household Needs              | 18    |
| 14   | Transportation                                 | 14    |
| 15   | Other Government/Economic Services             | 5     |
| 16   | Other  | 3     |
| 17   | Disaster Services                              | 2     |
|      | Total  | 1123  |

More specifically, 11.1% of callers requested assistance regarding food pantries. Approximately 7% of callers requested information locating rent payment assistance and another 5% of callers were looking for assistance with locating a summer camp. Other common needs included assistance with utility payments and emergency food. Residents also called for information regarding emergency shelter, subsidized housing and counseling services.

| Rank | AIRS Specific Issue<br>Description (33138)        | Needs | Percent of Calls |
|------|---|-------|------------------|
| 1    | Food Pantries                                     | 125   | 11.13%           |
| 2    | Rent Payment Assistance                           | 70    | 6.23%            |
| 3    | Summer Camps                                      | 56    | 4.99%            |
| 4    | Emergency Food                                    | 46    | 4.10%            |
| 5    | Utility Service Payment Assistance                | 43    | 3.83%            |
| 6    | Information and Referral                          | 41    | 3.65%            |
| 7    | General Counseling Services                       | 41    | 3.65%            |
| 8    | Emergency Shelter                                 | 40    | 3.56%            |
| 9    | Low Income/Subsidized Private Rental Housing      | 36    | 3.21%            |
| 10   | Transitional Housing/Shelter                      | 24    | 2.14%            |
| 11   | Individual Counseling                             | 22    | 1.96%            |
| 12   | Case/Care Management                              | 22    | 1.96%            |
| 13   | Job Search/Placement                              | 20    | 1.78%            |
| 14   | Emergency Shelter Clearing-<br>houses             | 17    | 1.51%            |
| 15   | Inpatient Substance Abuse<br>Treatment Facilities | 15    | 1.34%            |
| 16   | Volunteer Opportunities                           | 15    | 1.34%            |
| 17   | Child Care Providers                              | 14    | 1.25%            |
| 18   | Homeless Shelter                                  | 14    | 1.25%            |
| 19   | Community Clinics                                 | 11    | 0.98%            |
| 20   | Extended Day Care                                 | 10    | 0.89%            |
|      |   |       |                  |

## 33127

Zip code 33127 is located in the southwestern area of Little Haiti. The following tables present the race, ethnicity, and gender of callers contacting 211 for assistance who resided in 33127. In total, there were 1297 calls placed. The majority of calls were made by females (71.3%). With respect to race, Black or African American residents (50.8%) called most often. With regard to ethnicity, the majority of calls were placed by residents who identified as non-Hispanic/non-Haitian (50.6%), followed by Hispanics (32.3%) and Haitians (5.4%).

| Race  | Calls |
|---|-------|
| Refused (HUD)                                   | 139   |
| Black or African American (HUD)                 | 659   |
| Other   | 144   |
| White (HUD)                                     | 332   |
| Asian (HUD)                                     | 6     |
| Don't Know (HUD)                                | 7     |
| American Indian or Alaska Native (HUD)          | 6     |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (HUD) | 4     |
| Ethnicity                                       | Calls |
| Refused (HUD)                                   | 131   |
| Non-Hispanic/Non-Haitian                        | 656   |
| Hispanic/Latino (HUD)                           | 419   |
| Haitian   | 70    |
| Don't Know (HUD)                                | 21    |
| Gender  | Calls |
| Female  | 925   |
| Male  | 357   |
| Refused   | 8     |
| Don't Know                                      | 7     |
|   | 1297  |

Callers who resided in 33137 contacted the helpline most frequently for issues related to food/meal assistance. The second and third most frequent issues raised by callers were related to housing/utilities and mental health services (including addiction).

| Rank | AIRS Official Problem Needs Summary (33127) | Needs |
|------|---|-------|
| 1    | Food/Meals                                  | 658   |
| 2    | Housing/Utilities                           | 449   |
| 3    | Mental Health/Addictions                    | 157   |
| 4    | Individual, Family and Community Support    | 151   |
| 5    | Health Care                                 | 125   |
| 6    | Arts, Culture and Recreation                | 98    |
| 7    | Legal, Consumer and Public Safety           | 73    |
| 8    | Education                                   | 64    |
| 9    | Information Services                        | 63    |
| 10   | Clothing/Personal/Household Needs           | 54    |
| 11   | Income Support/Assistance                   | 34    |
| 12   | Transportation                              | 20    |
| 13   | Volunteers/Donations                        | 13    |
| 14   | Other Government/Economic Services          | 8     |
| 15   | Employment                                  | 6     |
| 16   | Disaster Services                           | 2     |
|      | Total                                       | 1975  |



More specifically, 22.9% of callers requested assistance regarding food pantries. Approximately 7% of callers requested information regarding emergency food and another 5% of callers were looking for assistance with rent payment. Other common needs included assistance with locating summer camps, emergency shelter, and utility payments assistance. Residents also called for information regarding child care, subsidized housing and counseling services.

| Rank | AIRS Specific Issue<br>Description (33138)        | Needs | Percent of Calls |
|------|---|-------|------------------|
| 1    | Food Pantries                                     | 125   | 11.13%           |
| 2    | Rent Payment Assistance                           | 70    | 6.23%            |
| 3    | Summer Camps                                      | 56    | 4.99%            |
| 4    | Emergency Food                                    | 46    | 4.10%            |
| 5    | Utility Service Payment Assistance                | 43    | 3.83%            |
| 6    | Information and Referral                          | 41    | 3.65%            |
| 7    | General Counseling Services                       | 41    | 3.65%            |
| 8    | Emergency Shelter                                 | 40    | 3.56%            |
| 9    | Low Income/Subsidized<br>Private Rental Housing   | 36    | 3.21%            |
| 10   | Transitional Housing/Shelter                      | 24    | 2.14%            |
| 11   | Individual Counseling                             | 22    | 1.96%            |
| 12   | Case/Care Management                              | 22    | 1.96%            |
| 13   | Job Search/Placement                              | 20    | 1.78%            |
| 14   | Emergency Shelter<br>Clearinghouses               | 17    | 1.51%            |
| 15   | Inpatient Substance Abuse<br>Treatment Facilities | 15    | 1.34%            |
| 16   | Volunteer Opportunities                           | 15    | 1.34%            |
| 17   | Child Care Providers                              | 14    | 1.25%            |
| 18   | Homeless Shelter                                  | 14    | 1.25%            |
| 19   | Community Clinics                                 | 11    | 0.98%            |
| 20   | Extended Day Care                                 | 10    | 0.89%            |
|      |   |       |                  |

# 33137

Zip code 33137 is located in the southeastern area of Little Haiti. The following tables present the race, ethnicity, and gender of callers contacting 211 for assistance who resided in 33137. In total, there were 701 calls placed. The majority of calls were made by Females (81.5%). With respect to race, the majority of callers refused to identify their race (54.1%). With regard to ethnicity, the majority of callers refused to identify their ethnicity (40.2%). Of those callers who were willing to identify their ethnicity, the majority were Hispanic (31.1%), followed by residents who identified as non-Hispanic, non-Haitian (24.1%) and Haitians (3.4%).

| Race  | Calls |
|---|-------|
| Other   | 36    |
| Black or African American (HUD)                 | 137   |
| White (HUD)                                     | 142   |
| Refused (HUD)                                   | 379   |
| Don't Know (HUD)                                | 3     |
| American Indian or Alaska Native (HUD)          | 3     |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (HUD) | 1     |

| Ethnicity                     | Calls |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| Hispanic/Latino (HUD)         | 218   |
| Non-Hispanic/Non-Haitian      | 169   |
| Refused (HUD)                 | 282   |
| Haitian                       | 24    |
| Don't Know (HUD)              | 7     |
| Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino (HUD) | 1     |
| Gender                        | Calls |
| Female                        | 571   |
| Male                          | 129   |
| Refused                       | 1     |
|                               | 701   |

Callers who resided in 33137 contacted the help-line most frequently for issues related to Mental Health (including addiction). The second and third most frequent issues raised by callers were related to basic needs, including housing/utilities and food/meals.

| Rank | AIRS Official Problem Needs<br>Summary (33137) | Number of Calls |
|------|--|-----------------|
| 1    | Mental Health/Addictions                       | 250             |
| 2    | Housing/Utilities                              | 179             |
| 3    | Food/Meals                                     | 115             |
| 4    | Health Care                                    | 58              |
| 5    | Individual, Family and Community Support       | 56              |
| 6    | Legal, Consumer and Public Safety              | 32              |
| 7    | Information Services                           | 28              |
| 8    | Education                                      |                 |
| 9    | Clothing/Personal/Household Needs              | 17              |
| 10   | Arts, Culture and Recreation                   | 15              |
| 11   | Employment                                     | 13              |
| 12   | Income Support/Assistance                      | 13              |
| 13   | Other Government/Economic Services             | 4               |
| 14   | Transportation                                 | 4               |
| 15   | Volunteers/Donations                           | 1               |
| 16   | Total Calls                                    | 804             |

More specifically, 23% of callers requested assistance with locating general counseling services. Approximately 10% of callers requested information regarding food pantries and another 5% of callers were in need of emergency shelter or rent payment assistance. Other common needs included assistance with emergency food, subsidized housing and clinic assistance. Residents also called for information regarding summer camps, transitional housing, clothing and counseling services.

|  | Rank | AIRS Specific Issue<br>Description              | Number of Calls | Percent<br>Total |
|--|------|---|-----------------|------------------|
|  | 1    | General Counseling Services                     | 186             | 23.13%           |
|  | 2    | Food Pantries                                   | 79              | 9.83%            |
|  | 3    | Emergency Shelter                               | 38              | 4.73%            |
|  | 4    | Rent Payment Assistance                         | 36              | 4.48%            |
|  | 5    | Information and Referral                        | 24              | 2.99%            |
|  | 6    | Emergency Food                                  | 24              | 2.99%            |
|  | 7    | Utility Service Payment<br>Assistance           | 18              | 2.24%            |
|  | 8    | Emergency Shelter<br>Clearinghouses             | 17              | 2.11%            |
|  | 9    | Low Income/Subsidized<br>Private Rental Housing | 16              | 1.99%            |
|  | 10   | Community Clinics                               | 15              | 1.87%            |
|  | 11   | Summer Camps                                    | 15              | 1.87%            |
|  | 12   | Transitional Housing/Shelter                    | 14              | 1.74%            |
|  | 13   | Individual Counseling                           | 14              | 1.74%            |
|  | 14   | Clothing  | 10              | 1.24%            |
|  |      |   |                 |                  |



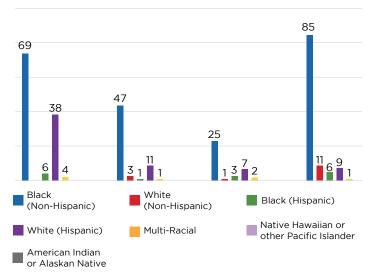


At the request of GA, South Florida Behavioral Health Network (SFBHN) provided data and analyses that identified trends for consumers receiving mental health and substance abuse treatment services from providers in the SFBHN network. The data collected represents the number of residents served during the 2013-14 fiscal year and targeted consumers that live in the Little Haiti area (zip-codes 33127, 33137, 33138, and 33150). Analyses were conducted by SFBHN as privacy laws preclude the release of certain information. For the purposes of this analysis, only treatment data was considered. Prevention data was excluded. The numbers in each graphic represent the number of clients served in each category.

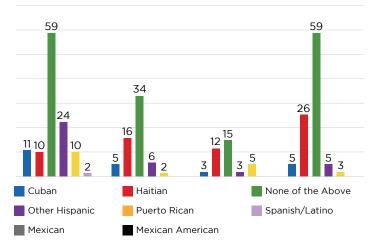
The first two graphics represent a breakdown of race/ethnicity for **adults** living in Little Haiti who received **mental health services** funded by SF-BHN. With regard to race, in all four zip-codes of Little Haiti, the primary racial groups receiving mental health services from the SFBHN network of providers was the black Non-Hispanic community. The white Hispanic population was the second largest racial group served by SFBHN.

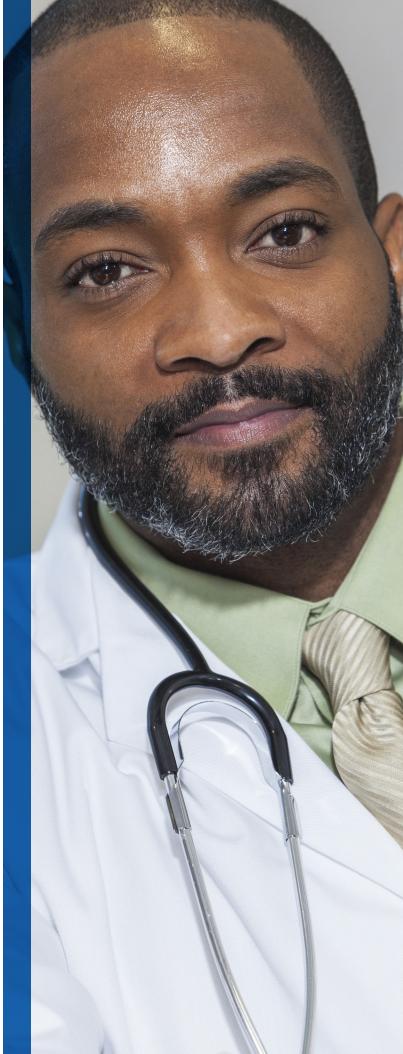
With respect to ethnicity, the most commonly served ethnic group receiving mental health services from SFBHN providers identified as non-Hispanic, non-Haitian. In 33127, the second most served ethnic group was Other Hispanic. In the three remaining zip codes (33137, 33138, & 33150), the second most served ethnic group was the Haitian community.

#### Race



#### **Ethnicity**

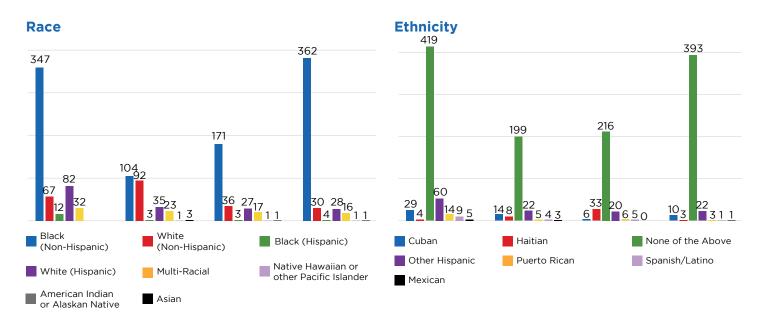






The next two graphics represent a breakdown of race/ethnicity for **adults** living in Little Haiti who received **substance abuse** services funded by SFBHN. The black, non-Hispanic population is the largest racial group being served for substance abuse in the SFBHN network of providers throughout all the zip codes. In 33127, the second most served racial group was white Hispanic, followed by white non-Hispanic. In the remaining three zip codes, this trend was reversed, with the second most served group being white non-Hispanic, followed by white Hispanic.

With respect to ethnicity, the most commonly served ethnic group receiving substance abuse services from SFBHN providers identified as non-Hispanic, non-Haitian. In 33138, the second most served ethnic group was Haitian, followed by other Hispanics. In the remaining three zip codes, the second most served ethnic group was other Hispanic, followed by Cuban.

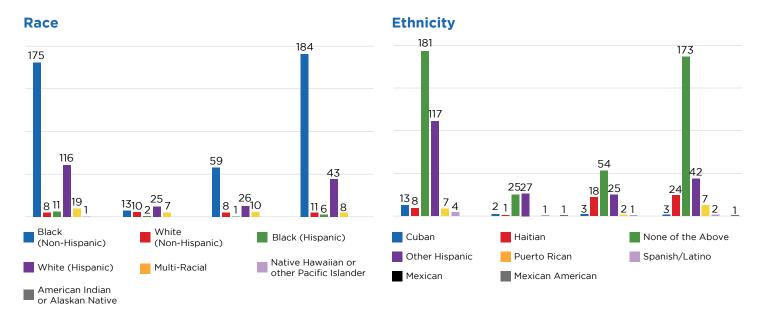






The following two graphics represent a breakdown of race/ethnicity for **children** living in Little Haiti who received **mental health services** funded by SFBHN. In 33137, the white, Hispanic population is the largest racial group being served for mental health in the SFBHN network of providers. In the remaining three zip codes, the black, non-Hispanic population is the largest racial group being served. In 33137, the second most served racial group was black non-Hispanic, followed by white non-Hispanic. In the remaining three zip codes, the second largest group served was white Hispanic.

With respect to ethnicity, the most commonly served youth ethnic group receiving mental health services from SFBHN providers identified as non-Hispanic, non-Haitian in 33127, 33138 and 33150. In 33137, the most commonly served ethnic group identified as other Hispanic. In 33137, the second most served ethnic group identified as non-Hispanic, non-Haitian. In the remaining three zip codes, the second most served ethnic group was other Hispanic. Haitian youth were also served in these three zip codes.

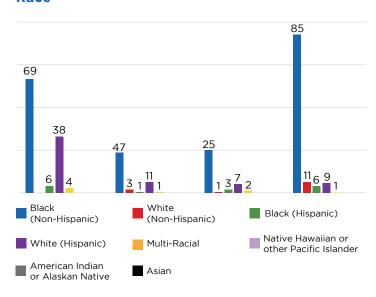




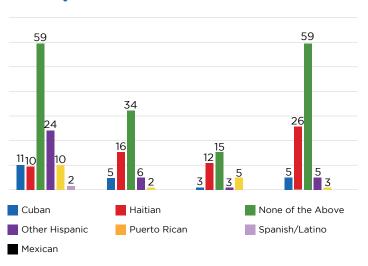
The next two graphics represent a breakdown of race/ethnicity for **children** living in Little Haiti who received **substance abuse** services funded by SF-BHN. In all zip codes, black, non-Hispanic population is the largest racial group being served for substance abuse in the SFBHN network of providers. In the remaining three zip codes, the black, non-Hispanic population is the largest racial group being served. In 33150, the second most served racial group was white non-Hispanic. In the remaining three zip codes, the second largest group served was white Hispanic.

With respect to ethnicity, the most commonly served youth ethnic group receiving substance abuse services from SFBHN providers identified as non-Hispanic, non-Haitian in all zip codes. In 33127, the second most commonly served ethnic group identified as other Hispanic. In the remaining three zip codes, the second most served ethnic group identified as Haitian. Cuban and Puerto Rican youth were also served in these three zip codes.

#### Race



# **Ethnicity**

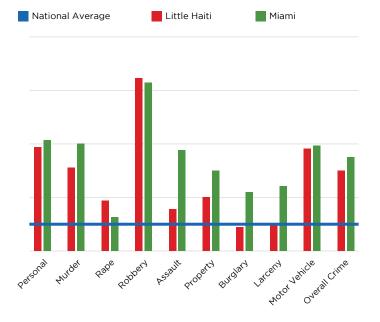


In addition to race and ethnicity related variables, SFBHN analyzed criminal justice involvement of the population served within Little Haiti. Data indicated that consumers being served for issues related to youth substance abuse report was the most criminal justice involvement in all four zip-codes. Also of interest is the number of consumers receiving step down services after admission into a crisis stabilization unit (CSU). Step down services are designed to assist consumers with adjusting to life without services. Over half (66%) of the consumers residing in zip-codes 33127, 33138, and 33150 have never received a step-down service, meaning they have not received any outpatient services following their admission to a CSU. Twenty-six percent of consumers have been readmitted to CSU's after being discharged.



The Crime rate index represents the average crime rate for a local area in comparison to nearby areas and the national average (100 is the national average index). The graph below depicts a representation of the crime index for Little Haiti in comparison to the national average and to Miami as a whole. Little Haiti has higher robbery crime rates than Miami, and is well above the nation's average in every category. Little Haiti has comparable rates to Miami with regard to personal crime, murder, and motor vehicle theft. These rates are very high when compared to national averages.

#### **Crime Index for Little Haiti**



| Crime Rates      | National<br>Average | Little Haiti | Miami |
|------------------|---------------------|--------------|-------|
| Personal         | 100                 | 384          | 438   |
| Murder           | 100                 | 327          | 403   |
| Rape             | 100                 | 184          | 128   |
| Robbery          | 100                 | 661          | 639   |
| Assault          | 100                 | 160          | 363   |
| Property         | 100                 | 198          | 302   |
| Burglary         | 100                 | 90           | 240   |
| Larceny          | 100                 | 109          | 259   |
| Motor<br>Vehicle | 100                 | 375          | 388   |

In order to obtain a clearer picture of crime involving youth throughout the Little Haiti community, GA requested data from the Miami-Dade County Juvenile Services department. Data was provided through Quest Analytics. The table below lists all charges brought forth upon juveniles in the zip codes 33127, 33137, 33138 and 33150 in all of 2014. In total, 441 arrest charges and 88 civil citation charges (total of 529) were brought forth upon juveniles in Little Haiti during 2014. The most common charges were for aggravated assault, misdemeanor destruction of justice and petit larceny.

| Crime Type                              | Arrest Charges | <b>Civil Citation Charges</b> |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------|
| Aggravated Assault and-or Battery       | 41             | 0                             |
| Misd Obstruction of Justice             | 33             | 7                             |
| Petit Larceny                           | 32             | 30                            |
| Unclassified                            | 32             | 1                             |
| Assault and-or Battery (not aggravated) | 29             | 16                            |
| Burglary                                | 24             | 0                             |
| Obstruct Justice w-o violence           | 22             | 0                             |
| Auto Theft                              | 22             | 0                             |
| Armed Robbery                           | 22             | 0                             |
| Fel Drug Laws                           | 21             | 0                             |
| Misd Viol Drug Laws                     | 21             | 8                             |
| Trespassing                             | 19             | 8                             |
| Grand Larceny (excluding auto theft)    | 18             | 0                             |
| Weapon or Firearm Offences              | 18             | 0                             |
| Other Robbery                           | 16             | 0                             |
| Loitering and Prowling                  | 11             | 5                             |
| Vandalism                               | 10             | 1                             |
| Disorderly Conduct                      | 8              | 9                             |
| Fel Other                               | 8              | 0                             |
| Obstruct Justice with violence          | 8              | Ο                             |
| Misd Weapon-Firearm Offence             | 7              | 1                             |
| Fel Vandalism                           | 6              | 0                             |
| Sexual Battery                          | 6              | 0                             |
| Murder Manslaughter                     | 2              | 0                             |
| Other Fel Sex Offences                  | 2              | 0                             |
| Escape from TrSchl, SecDet, or Res Prog | 1              | 0                             |
| Forgery-Counterfeiting                  | 1              | 0                             |
| Stolen Property                         | 1              | 0                             |
| Misd Other                              | 0              | 2                             |



A few key issues were illuminated by the community needs assessment. These issues are outlined below; the issues are grouped in terms of areas of concern and are followed by Recommendations.

#### **Youth Services**

One key issue reported by Little Haiti residents was the need for additional youth services. For example, before-school programs and early childhood education programs were identified as needs by community residents. Respondents were extremely concerned with their children's safety and felt that additional programs are needed before and after school to address their concerns. Establishing a Task Force comprised of residents, county officials, and youth is recommended as a first step towards addressing the vast needs of youth in the Little Haiti community. The committee would meet regularly with the goal of establishing action steps to meet the needs of the youth in the community.

#### **Educational Attainment of Black Men**

Census data revealed that high percentages of young males 18-24 have not earned their high school diploma. Dropout recovery programs are needed to help this group earn their credentials as high school graduation is a strong predictor of future success including earning, employment and health problems. This issue also has a larger effect

on the community impacting the number of households below the poverty line, crime rate and the increasing need for public assistance.

#### **Crime Control**

A second key issue brought forth by respondents was crime control. Respondents reported crime control as one of the community's greatest challenge. Crime data indicates high rates of violence. To address this concern, more in-depth polling of residents and a more thorough review of crime data should be undertaken in an effort to identify concentrated areas of crime or "hot spots". Furthermore, evidence-based community crime prevention strategies should be explored. In addition, community residents voiced concerns about poor relationships with police. Work in the form of law enforcement-community partnerships should be reinforced to address these issues.

#### Mental/Health and Substance Abuse Treatment

Although the data from SFBHN indicate that residents are receiving services, one of the top issues people called about was the need for mental health counseling services. It is recommended that the existing array of services be reviewed to determine whether a need for additional support exit, or whether there is an issue of access to services.



#### **Job Placement/ Vocational Training**

Given the economic problems facing residents, it was no surprise that help center data indicated many residents expressed concerns with their ability to obtain basic needs such as food and housing. In much of the community, unemployment rates are higher than average for the city of Miami. In addition, many residents are experiencing housing cost burden, with rent or mortgage accounting for the majority of income. It is recommended that a collaborative effort between job training organizations and local businesses occur in the form of job fairs, internships, and other collaborative vocational training initiatives.

#### **Develop an Asset Map**

A number of issues were rated as concerning by residents encompassing a wide variety of problem areas. It is likely that many key services are already in place, but is unclear if residents are accessing available resources. However, it is also unclear whether they felt the availability of some of these services were weak. To better understand how the residents' responses are associated with quality and/or availability of these services, an asset map should be developed. The asset map for the Little Haiti area can be modeled after the one created by the North Miami Neighborhood Network for the North Miami communities. An asset map would graphically display the location of community assets available to Little Haiti residents, and it would lend itself to a deeper examination of residents' needs. Community assets include any resource available to community members including but not limited to the expertise and talents of residents, community organizations, businesses, schools, churches, libraries, municipal services, social services, physical structures, and natural resources. Data displayed in this manner can be used to connect people with one another. Co-operative businesses and volunteer agencies are often formed from these types of community mapping projects.

# Conduct a Community SWOC Analysis (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Challenges)

While this community needs assessment is an important first step in evaluating community needs, a SWOC (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Challenges) analysis of the community may point to particular areas being higher priorities for action. This analysis presented the Little Haiti community demographic profile including statistical information about age, gender, visible minority status, education, and family income. Of particular interest are the changing community demographics, indicating a growing Hispanic presence in the southern parts of Little Haiti. At this juncture, it would be highly useful to examine the community strengths and opportunities in order to properly mobilize available resources to meet the needs of a changing community. An asset map can be a part of a SWOT analysis.

# **APPENDICES**

#### APPENDIX A

# Little Haiti Census Tract Boundary Map and Description

According to a map obtained from the City of Miami Neighborhood Enhancement Team (NET), there are 7 census tracts that map almost seamlessly onto the neighborhood considered to be Little Haiti; 14.01,

14.2, 20.01, 20.03, 20.04, 22.02 and 22.01. A physical description of the boundaries of each tract is described below.

#### **Tract 14.01 Boundaries**

- North/South: NW 79 St. to NW 67 St.
- East/West: I-95 to N. Miami Ave.

#### **Tract 14.02 Boundaries**

- North/South: NE 85 St. to NE 71 St.
- East/West: N. Miami Ave. to NE 4 Ave.

#### **Tract 20.01 Boundaries**

- North/South: NW 67 St. to NW 62 St. (west of N. Miami Ave.) and NE 71 St. to NE 62 St./NE 61 St. (east of N. Miami Ave.)
- East/West: I-95 to NE 4 Ave.

#### **Tract 20.03 Boundaries**

- North/South: NW 62 St. to NW 54 St.
- East/West: I-95 to N. Miami Ave.

#### **Tract 20.04 Boundaries**

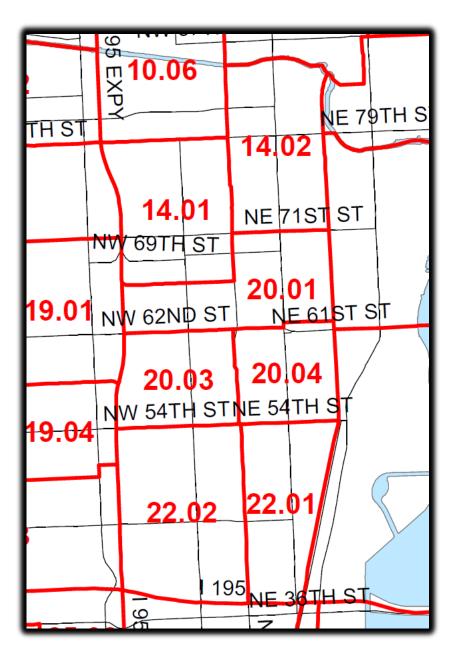
- North/South: NE 62 St./NE 61 St. to NE 54 St.
- East/West: N. Miami Ave. to NE 4 Ave.

#### **Tract 22.01 Boundaries**

- North/South: NW 54 St. to NW 37 St.
- East/West: I-95 to N. Miami Ave.

#### **Tract 22.02 Boundaries**

- North/South: NE 54 St. to NE 37 St.
- East/West: N. Miami Ave. to NE 4 Ave./Federal Hwy



#### APPENDIX B

# Population and Housing Narrative Profiles 2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates<sup>1</sup>

#### Geography: Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida

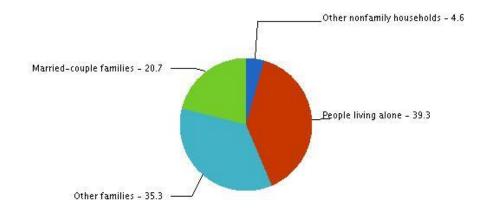
# **Households and Families**

In 2009-2013 there were 1,600 households in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. The average household size was 3.2 people.

Families made up 56 percent of the households in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. This figure includes both married-couple families (21 percent) and other families (35 percent). Of other families, 18 percent are female householder families with no husband present and own children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 44 percent of all households in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

In Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 35 percent of all households have one or more people under the age of 18; 31 percent of all households have one or more people 65 years and over.





1

Among persons 15 and older, 34 percent of males and 28 percent of females are currently married.

| Population 15 years and over  | Males | Females |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Never married                 | 51.3  | 45.0    |
| Now married, except separated | 34.0  | 28.2    |
| Separated                     | 5.0   | 4.4     |
| Widowed                       | 3.9   | 8.3     |
| Divorced                      | 5.8   | 14.1    |

In Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 183 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, 21 percent of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

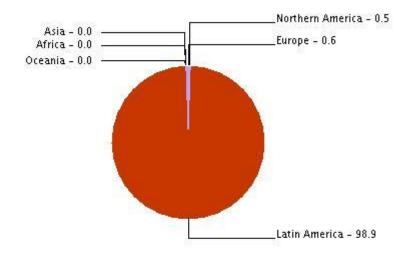
# Nativity and Foreign Born

An estimated 60 percent of the people living in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were native residents of the United States and 50 percent of these residents were living in the state in which they were born.

An estimated 40 percent of the people living in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were foreign born. Of the foreign born population, 45 percent were naturalized U.S. citizens, and 95 percent entered the country before the year 2010. An estimated 5 percent of the foreign born entered the country in 2010 or later.

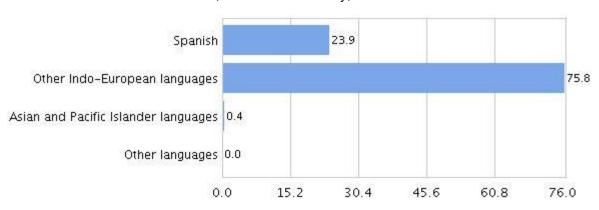
Foreign born residents of Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida come from different parts of the world.

Region of Birth for the Foreign Born Population in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Among people at least five years old living in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 60 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 24 percent spoke Spanish and 76 percent spoke some other language; 48 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

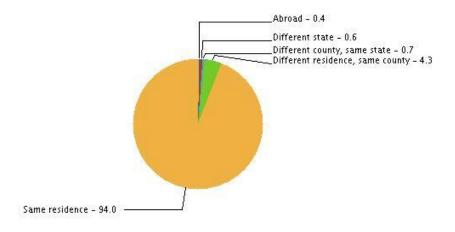
Percent of the Population 5 years and over who Speak a Language other than English in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Geographic Mobility

In 2009-2013, 94 percent of the people at least one year old living in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were living in the same residence one year earlier.

Geographic Mobility of Residents of Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

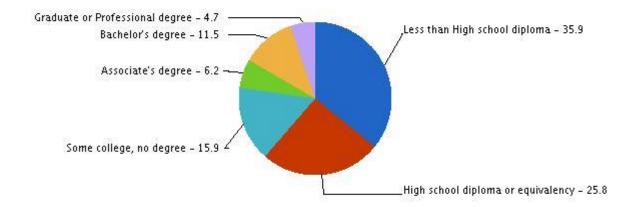


#### Education

In 2009-2013, 64 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 16 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. An estimated 36 percent did not complete high school.

The total school enrollment in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida was 1,400 in 2009-2013. Nursery school and kindergarten enrollment was 183 and elementary or high school enrollment was 850 children. College or graduate school enrollment was 409.

Educational Attainment of People in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



#### Disability

In Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in 2009-2013, 14 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from 6 percent of people under 18 years old, to 13 percent of people 18 to 64 years old, and to 37 percent of those 65 and over.

# Employment Status and Type of Employer

In Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 42 percent of the population 16 and over were employed; 44 percent were not currently in the labor force.

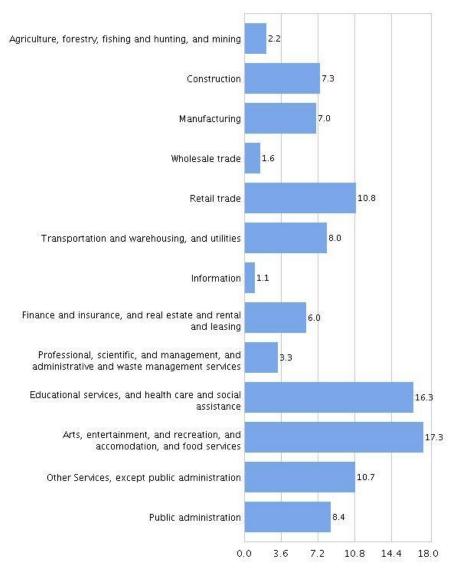
An estimated 76 percent of the people employed were private wage and salary workers; 17 percent were federal, state, or local government workers; and 7 percent were self-employed in their own (not incorporated) business.

| Class of worker  | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Private wage and salary workers                        | 1,290  | 76.1    |
| Federal, state, or local government workers            | 284    | 16.8    |
| Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business | 121    | 7.1     |

#### **Industries**

In 2009-2013, the civilian employed population 16 years and older in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida worked in the following industries:

#### Percent by Industry in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Occupations

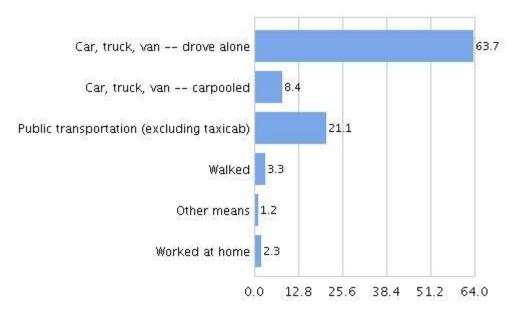
Occupations for the civilian employed population 16 years and over in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013:

| Civilian employed population 16 years and over               | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Management, business, sciences, and arts occupations         | 321    | 18.9    |
| Service occupations  | 502    | 29.6    |
| Sales and office occupations                                 | 326    | 19.2    |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 189    | 11.2    |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  | 357    | 21.1    |

# Commuting to Work

An estimated 64 percent of Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida workers drove to work alone in 2009-2013, and 8 percent carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 35 minutes to get to work.

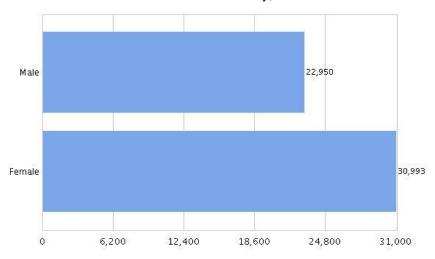
Percent of Workers 16 and over Commuting by Mode in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



#### Income

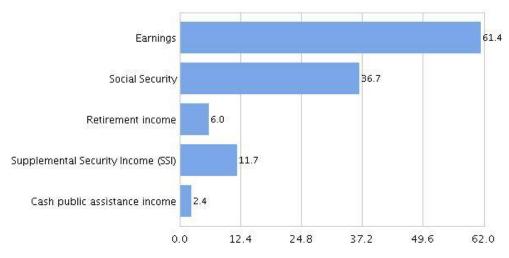
The median income of households in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida was \$18,602. An estimated 44 percent of households had income below \$15,000 a year and 3 percent had income over \$150,000 or more.

Median Earnings for Full-Time Year-Round Workers by Sex in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



An estimated 61 percent of the households received earnings and 6 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. An estimated 37 percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$10,903. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.

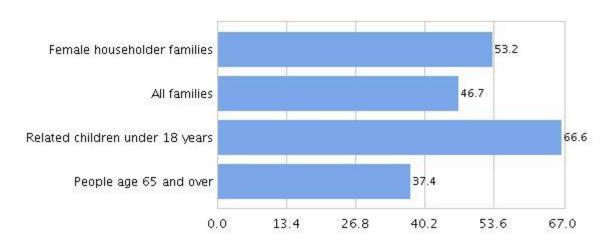
Proportion of Households with Various Income Sources in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



#### Poverty and Participation in Government Programs

In 2009-2013, 47 percent of people were in poverty. An estimated 67 percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 37 percent of people 65 years old and over. An estimated 47 percent of all families and 53 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.

#### Poverty Rates in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



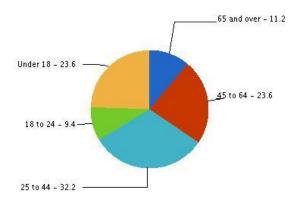
#### Health Insurance

Among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 62 percent had health insurance coverage and 38 percent did not have health insurance coverage. For those under 18 years of age, 24 percent had no health insurance coverage. The civilian noninstitutionalized population had both private and public health insurance, with 25 percent having private coverage and 42 percent having public coverage.

## **Population**

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida has a total population of 5,100 -- 2,500 (50 percent) females and 2,600 (50 percent) males. The median age was 32.9 years. An estimated 24 percent of the population was under 18 years and 11 percent was 65 years and older.

Age Distribution of People in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

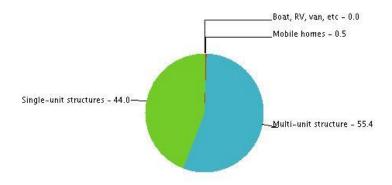


For people reporting one race alone, 15 percent were White; 85 percent were Black or African American; less than 0.5 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; less than 0.5 percent were Asian; less than 0.5 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and less than 0.5 percent were some other race. An estimated 1 percent reported two or more races. An estimated 12 percent of the people in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were Hispanic. An estimated 4 percent of the people in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

# Housing Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida had a total of 2,000 housing units, 21 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 44 percent were in single-unit structures, 55 percent were in multi-unit structures, and 1 percent were mobile homes. An estimated 23 percent of the housing units were built since 1990.

Types of Housing Units in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



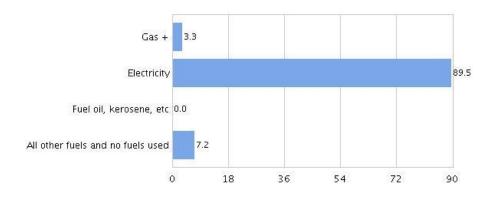
The median number of rooms in all housing units in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida is 4. Of these housing units, 26 percent have three or more bedrooms.

## Occupied Housing Unit Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida had 1,600 occupied housing units - 469 (30 percent) owner occupied and 1,100 (70 percent) renter occupied. An estimated 74 percent of householders of these units had moved in since 2000. An estimated 58 percent of the owner occupied units had a mortgage. An estimated 7 percent of the households did not have telephone service. An estimated 38 percent had no vehicles available and another 12 percent had three or more.

Homes in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were heated in the following ways:

House heating fuel used in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

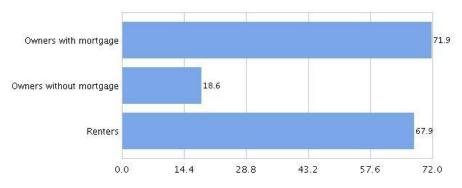


+this category includes utility, bottled, tank, or LP gas

# **▶** Housing Costs

The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$1,207, nonmortgaged owners \$307, and renters \$696. An estimated 72 percent of owners with mortgages, 19 percent of owners without mortgages, and 68 percent of renters in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

# Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in Census Tract 14.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Explanation of Symbols:

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution

#### Geography: Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida

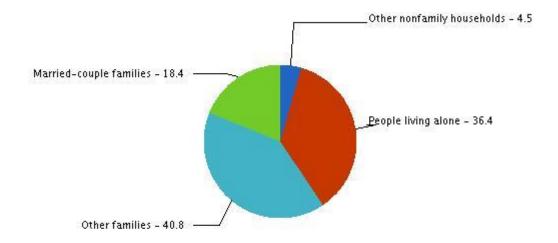
## Households and Families

In 2009-2013 there were 1,800 households in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida. The average household size was 3.2 people.

Families made up 59 percent of the households in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida. This figure includes both married-couple families (18 percent) and other families (41 percent). Of other families, 22 percent are female householder families with no husband present and own children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 41 percent of all households in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

In Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 41 percent of all households have one or more people under the age of 18; 24 percent of all households have one or more people 65 years and over.

Types of Households in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Among persons 15 and older, 23 percent of males and 21 percent of females are currently married.

| Population 15 years and over  | Males | Females |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Never married                 | 60.5  | 58.8    |
| Now married, except separated | 23.4  | 20.5    |
| Separated                     | 4.7   | 11.2    |
| Widowed                       | 3.2   | 3.6     |
| Divorced                      | 8.2   | 5.9     |

In Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 142 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, less than 0.5 percent of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

# Nativity and Foreign Born

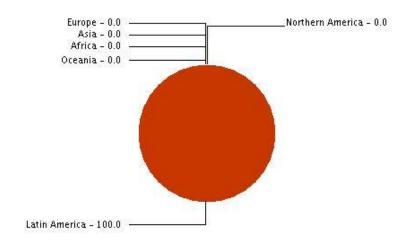
An estimated 61 percent of the people living in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were native residents of the United States and 54 percent of these residents were living in the state in which they were born.

An estimated 39 percent of the people living in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were foreign born. Of the foreign born population, 41 percent were

naturalized U.S. citizens, and 89 percent entered the country before the year 2010. An estimated 11 percent of the foreign born entered the country in 2010 or later.

Foreign born residents of Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida come from different parts of the world.

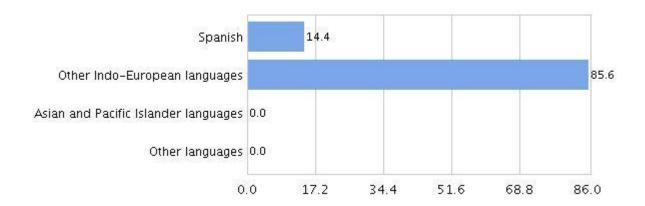
Region of Birth for the Foreign Born Population in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Language

Among people at least five years old living in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 64 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 14 percent spoke Spanish and 86 percent spoke some other language; 57 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

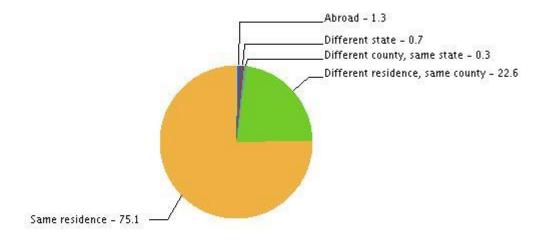
Percent of the Population 5 years and over who Speak a Language other than English in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Geographic Mobility

In 2009-2013, 75 percent of the people at least one year old living in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida were living in the same residence one year earlier.

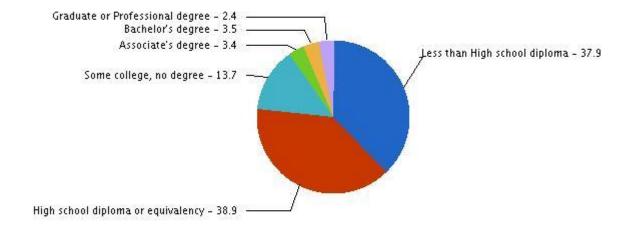
Geographic Mobility of Residents of Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



#### Education

In 2009-2013, 62 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 6 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. An estimated 38 percent did not complete high school.

The total school enrollment in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida was 2,200 in 2009-2013. Nursery school and kindergarten enrollment was 413 and elementary or high school enrollment was 1,500 children. College or graduate school enrollment was 230.



# Disability

In Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in 2009-2013, 12 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from 1 percent of people under 18 years old, to 15 percent of people 18 to 64 years old, and to 40 percent of those 65 and over.

# Employment Status and Type of Employer

In Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 40 percent of the population 16 and over were employed; 44 percent were not currently in the labor force.

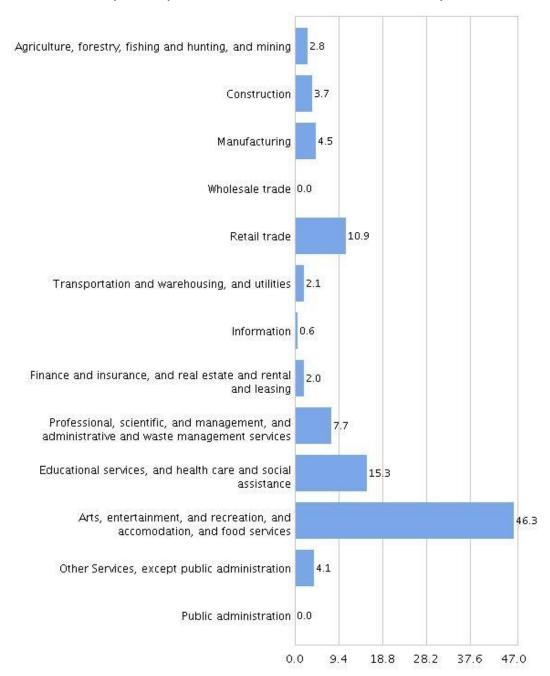
An estimated 91 percent of the people employed were private wage and salary workers; 4 percent were federal, state, or local government workers; and 6 percent were self-employed in their own (not incorporated) business.

| Class of worker  | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Private wage and salary workers                        | 1,309  | 90.6    |
| Federal, state, or local government workers            | 53     | 3.7     |
| Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business | 83     | 5.7     |

#### **Industries**

In 2009-2013, the civilian employed population 16 years and older in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida worked in the following industries:

Percent by Industry in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



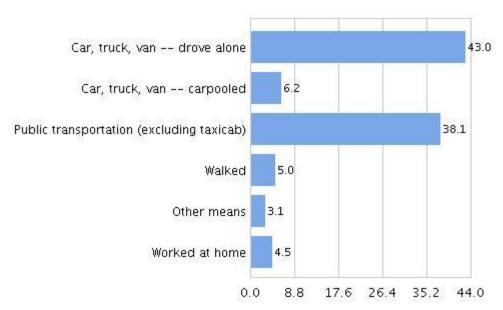
Occupations for the civilian employed population 16 years and over in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013:

| Civilian employed population 16 years and over               | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Management, business, sciences, and arts occupations         | 217    | 15.0    |
| Service occupations  | 784    | 54.3    |
| Sales and office occupations                                 | 208    | 14.4    |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 94     | 6.5     |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  | 142    | 9.8     |

# Commuting to Work

An estimated 43 percent of Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida workers drove to work alone in 2009-2013, and 6 percent carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 38 minutes to get to work.

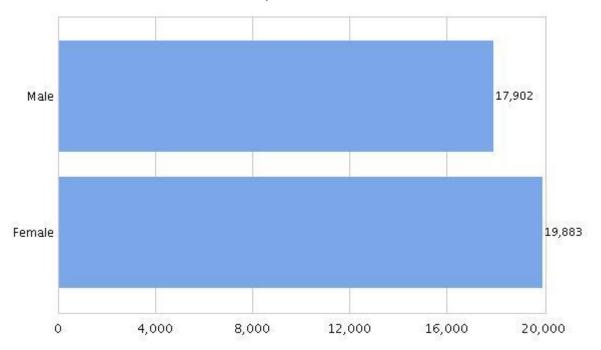
Percent of Workers 16 and over Commuting by Mode in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



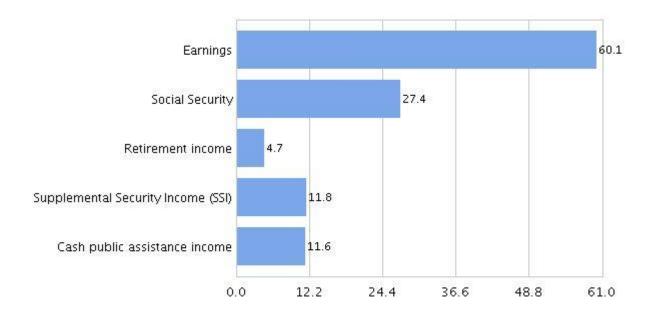


The median income of households in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida was \$10,180. An estimated 61 percent of households had income below \$15,000 a year and less than 0.5 percent had income over \$150,000 or more.

Median Earnings for Full-Time Year-Round Workers by Sex in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



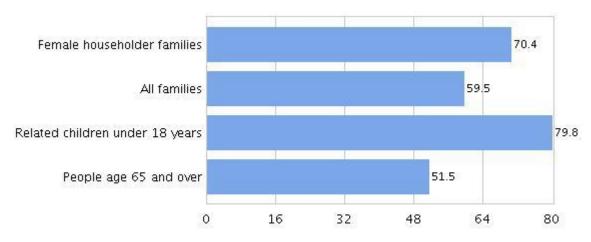
An estimated 60 percent of the households received earnings and 5 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. An estimated 27 percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$11,299. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.



## Poverty and Participation in Government Programs

In 2009-2013, 61 percent of people were in poverty. An estimated 80 percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 52 percent of people 65 years old and over. An estimated 60 percent of all families and 70 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.





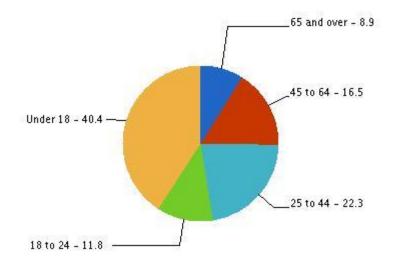
#### Health Insurance

Among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 64 percent had health insurance coverage and 36 percent did not have health insurance coverage. For those under 18 years of age, 15 percent had no health insurance coverage. The civilian noninstitutionalized population had both private and public health insurance, with 13 percent having private coverage and 52 percent having public coverage.

## **Population**

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida has a total population of 5,800 -- 3,100 (53 percent) females and 2,700 (47 percent) males. The median age was 24.1 years. An estimated 40 percent of the population was under 18 years and 9 percent was 65 years and older.

Age Distribution of People in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

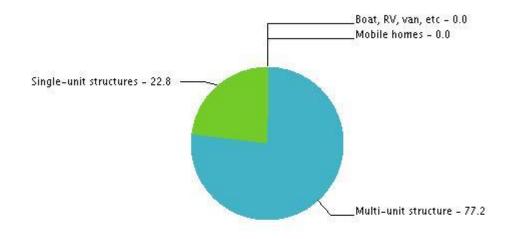


For people reporting one race alone, 12 percent were White; 85 percent were Black or African American; 1 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; less than 0.5 percent were Asian; less than 0.5 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 2 percent were some other race. An estimated 2 percent reported two or more races. An estimated 8 percent of the people in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida were Hispanic. An estimated 6 percent of the people in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

# **▶** Housing Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida had a total of 2,100 housing units, 14 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 23 percent were in single-unit structures, 77 percent were in multi-unit structures, and less than 0.5 percent were mobile homes. An estimated 38 percent of the housing units were built since 1990.

Types of Housing Units in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



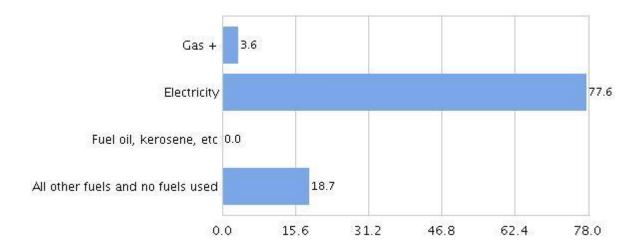
The median number of rooms in all housing units in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida is 4. Of these housing units, 23 percent have three or more bedrooms.

#### Occupied Housing Unit Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida had 1,800 occupied housing units - 153 (8 percent) owner occupied and 1,700 (92 percent) renter occupied. An estimated 86 percent of householders of these units had moved in since 2000. An estimated 29 percent of the owner occupied units had a mortgage. An estimated 4 percent of the households did not have telephone service. An estimated 39 percent had no vehicles available and another 5 percent had three or more.

Homes in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida were heated in the following ways:

House heating fuel used in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

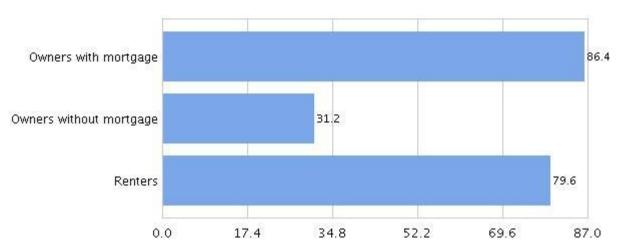


+this category includes utility, bottled, tank, or LP gas

# **▶** Housing Costs

The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$2,271, nonmortgaged owners \$191, and renters \$904. An estimated 86 percent of owners with mortgages, 31 percent of owners without mortgages, and 80 percent of renters in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in Census Tract 14.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Explanation of Symbols:

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

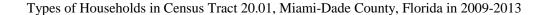
#### Geography: Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida

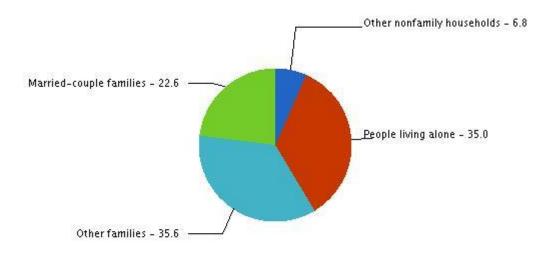
#### Households and Families

In 2009-2013 there were 1,300 households in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. The average household size was 3 people.

Families made up 58 percent of the households in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. This figure includes both married-couple families (23 percent) and other families (36 percent). Of other families, 23 percent are female householder families with no husband present and own children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 42 percent of all households in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

In Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 41 percent of all households have one or more people under the age of 18; 31 percent of all households have one or more people 65 years and over.





Among persons 15 and older, 26 percent of males and 21 percent of females are currently married.

| Population 15 years and over  | Males | Females |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Never married                 | 52.9  | 50.8    |
| Now married, except separated | 26.2  | 21.5    |
| Separated                     | 6.1   | 4.4     |
| Widowed                       | 3.8   | 12.7    |
| Divorced                      | 11.0  | 10.6    |

In Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 134 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, 25 percent of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

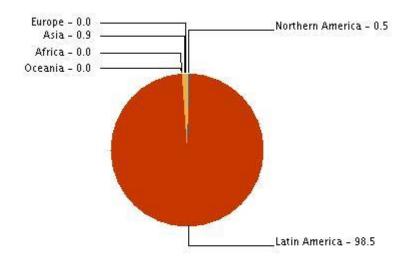
#### Nativity and Foreign Born

An estimated 49 percent of the people living in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were native residents of the United States and 43 percent of these residents were living in the state in which they were born.

An estimated 51 percent of the people living in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were foreign born. Of the foreign born population, 31 percent were naturalized U.S. citizens, and 97 percent entered the country before the year 2010. An estimated 3 percent of the foreign born entered the country in 2010 or later.

Foreign born residents of Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida come from different parts of the world.

Region of Birth for the Foreign Born Population in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Language

Among people at least five years old living in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 64 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 9 percent spoke Spanish and 91 percent spoke some other language; 71 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

Percent of the Population 5 years and over who Speak a Language other than English in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

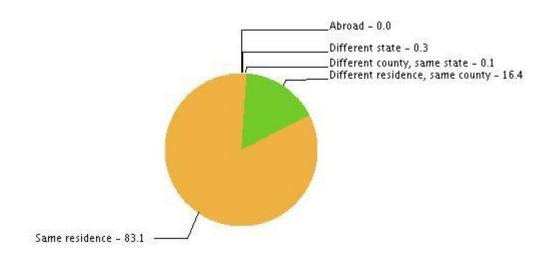


# Geographic Mobility

In 2009-2013, 83 percent of the people at least one year old living in Census Tract 20.01,

Miami-Dade County, Florida were living in the same residence one year earlier.

#### Geographic Mobility of Residents of Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



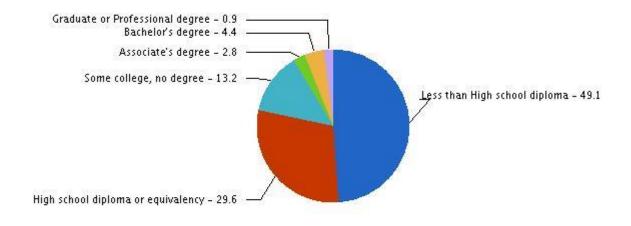
# **Education**

In 2009-2013, 51 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 5 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. An estimated 49 percent did not complete high school.

The total school enrollment in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida was 1,200 in

2009-2013. Nursery school and kindergarten enrollment was 162 and elementary or high school enrollment was 694 children. College or graduate school enrollment was 361.

# Educational Attainment of People in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Disability

In Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in 2009-2013, 12 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from 5 percent of people under 18 years old, to 12 percent of people 18 to 64 years old, and to 25 percent of those 65 and over.

# Employment Status and Type of Employer

In Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 39 percent of the population 16 and over were employed; 47 percent were not currently in the labor force.

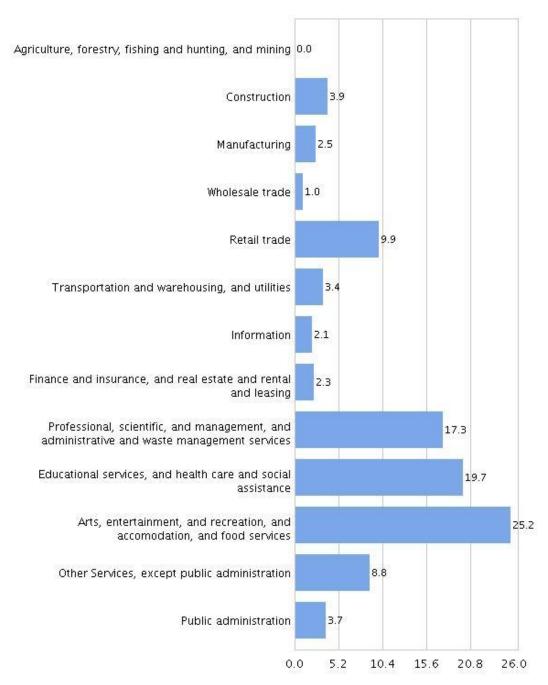
An estimated 87 percent of the people employed were private wage and salary workers; 10 percent were federal, state, or local government workers; and 3 percent were self-employed in their own (not incorporated) business.

| Class of worker  | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Private wage and salary workers                        | 1,099  | 87.2    |
| Federal, state, or local government workers            | 128    | 10.2    |
| Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business | 34     | 2.7     |

### Industries

In 2009-2013, the civilian employed population 16 years and older in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida worked in the following industries:

Percent by Industry in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Occupations

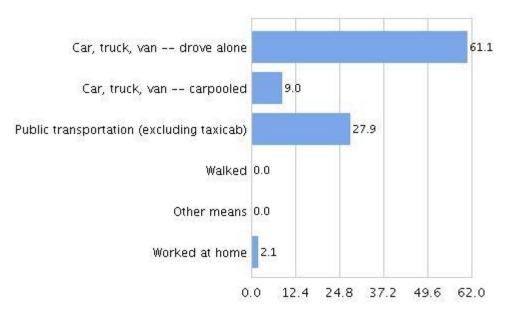
Occupations for the civilian employed population 16 years and over in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013:

|  |     | _    |
|--|-----|------|
| Management, business, sciences, and arts occupations         | 146 | 11.6 |
| Service occupations  | 608 | 48.2 |
| Sales and office occupations                                 | 262 | 20.8 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 107 | 8.5  |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  | 138 | 10.9 |

# Commuting to Work

An estimated 61 percent of Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida workers drove to work alone in 2009-2013, and 9 percent carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 34 minutes to get to work.

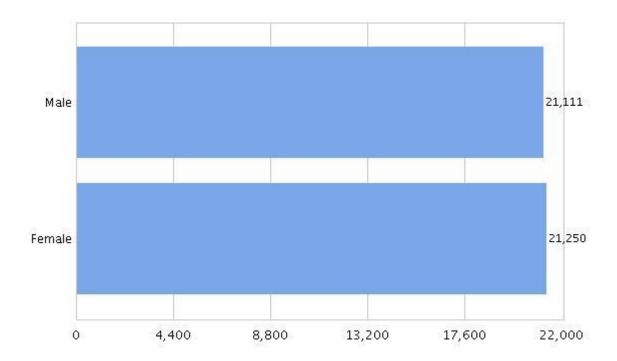
Percent of Workers 16 and over Commuting by Mode in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



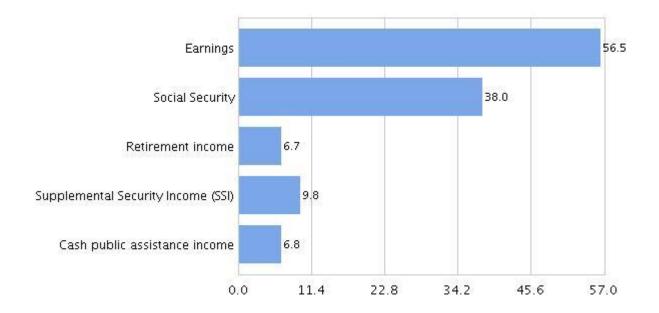
# Income

The median income of households in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida was \$16,105. An estimated 46 percent of households had income below \$15,000 a year and 1 percent had income over \$150,000 or more.

Median Earnings for Full-Time Year-Round Workers by Sex in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



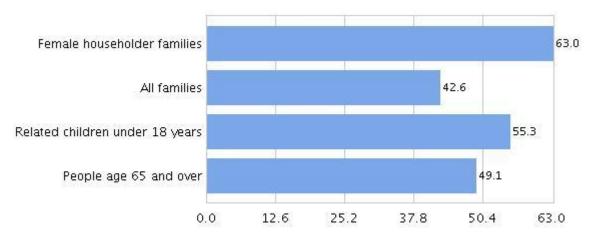
An estimated 56 percent of the households received earnings and 7 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. An estimated 38 percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$11,612. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.



# Poverty and Participation in Government Programs

In 2009-2013, 45 percent of people were in poverty. An estimated 55 percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 49 percent of people 65 years old and over. An estimated 43 percent of all families and 63 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.





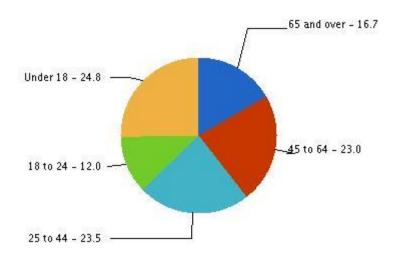
# Health Insurance

Among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 54 percent had health insurance coverage and 46 percent did not have health insurance coverage. For those under 18 years of age, 36 percent had no health insurance coverage. The civilian noninstitutionalized population had both private and public health insurance, with 15 percent having private coverage and 41 percent having public coverage.

# **Population**

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida has a total population of 4,100 -- 2,000 (49 percent) females and 2,100 (51 percent) males. The median age was 36.3 years. An estimated 25 percent of the population was under 18 years and 17 percent was 65 years and older.

Age Distribution of People in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

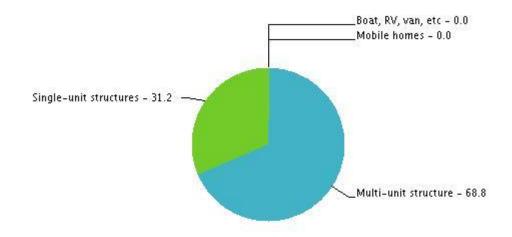


For people reporting one race alone, 5 percent were White; 93 percent were Black or African American; less than 0.5 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; less than 0.5 percent were Asian; less than 0.5 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 2 percent were some other race. An estimated less than 0.5 percent reported two or more races. An estimated 6 percent of the people in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were Hispanic. An estimated 1 percent of the people in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

# **▶** Housing Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida had a total of 1,600 housing units, 18 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 31 percent were in single-unit structures, 69 percent were in multi-unit structures, and less than 0.5 percent were mobile homes. An estimated 13 percent of the housing units were built since 1990.

Types of Housing Units in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



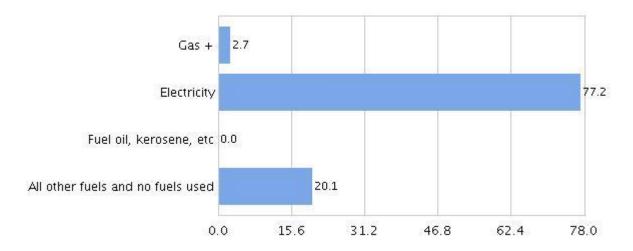
The median number of rooms in all housing units in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida is 4. Of these housing units, 26 percent have three or more bedrooms.

# Occupied Housing Unit Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida had 1,300 occupied housing units - 296 (22 percent) owner occupied and 1,000 (78 percent) renter occupied. An estimated 72 percent of householders of these units had moved in since 2000. An estimated 35 percent of the owner occupied units had a mortgage. An estimated 13 percent of the households did not have telephone service. An estimated 45 percent had no vehicles available and another 6 percent had three or more.

Homes in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were heated in the following ways:

House heating fuel used in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

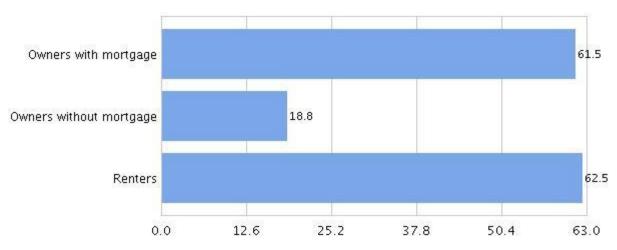


+this category includes utility, bottled, tank, or LP gas

# **▶** Housing Costs

The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$1,298, nonmortgaged owners \$336, and renters \$521. An estimated 62 percent of owners with mortgages, 19 percent of owners without mortgages, and 62 percent of renters in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in Census Tract 20.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Explanation of Symbols:

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

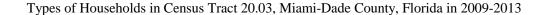
# Geography: Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida

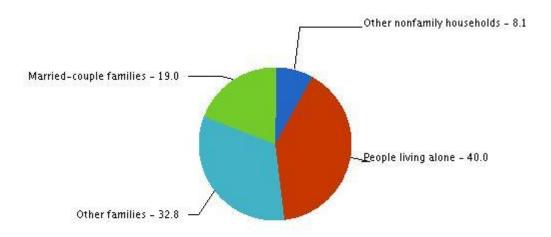
# Households and Families

In 2009-2013 there were 1,000 households in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida. The average household size was 3.1 people.

Families made up 52 percent of the households in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida. This figure includes both married-couple families (19 percent) and other families (33 percent). Of other families, 16 percent are female householder families with no husband present and own children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 48 percent of all households in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

In Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 30 percent of all households have one or more people under the age of 18; 24 percent of all households have one or more people 65 years and over.





Among persons 15 and older, 25 percent of males and 23 percent of females are currently married.

| Population 15 years and over  | Males | Females |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Never married                 | 58.7  | 55.5    |
| Now married, except separated | 25.0  | 23.0    |
| Separated                     | 4.6   | 5.9     |
| Widowed                       | 1.5   | 4.1     |
| Divorced                      | 10.2  | 11.4    |

In Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 80 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, 59 percent of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

# Nativity and Foreign Born

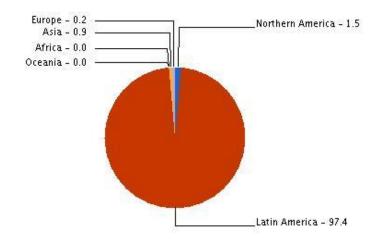
An estimated 65 percent of the people living in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were native residents of the United States and 55 percent of these residents were living in the state in which they were born.

An estimated 35 percent of the people living in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were foreign born. Of the foreign born population, 33 percent were naturalized U.S. citizens, and 90 percent entered the country before the year 2010. An estimated 10 percent of the foreign born entered the country in 2010 or later.

Foreign born residents of Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida come from different parts of the world.

Region of Birth for the Foreign Born Population in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

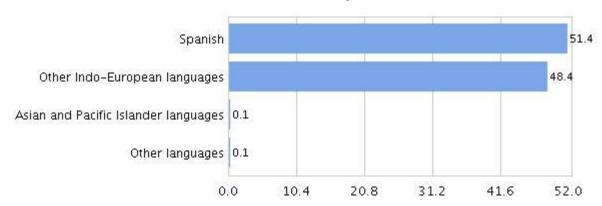
click graph to view data in table format



# Language

Among people at least five years old living in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 54 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 51 percent spoke Spanish and 49 percent spoke some other language; 56 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

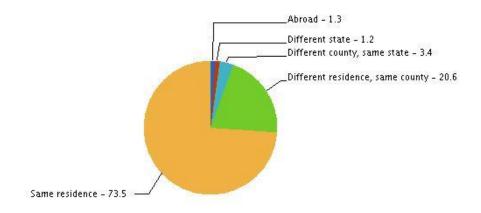
Percent of the Population 5 years and over who Speak a Language other than English in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Geographic Mobility

In 2009-2013, 74 percent of the people at least one year old living in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida were living in the same residence one year earlier.

# Geographic Mobility of Residents of Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

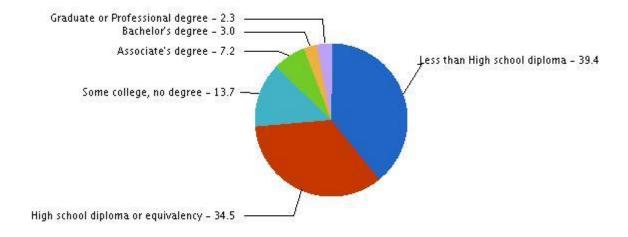


# Education

In 2009-2013, 61 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 5 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. An estimated 39 percent did not complete high school.

The total school enrollment in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida was 1,000 in 2009-2013. Nursery school and kindergarten enrollment was 152 and elementary or high school enrollment was 721 children. College or graduate school enrollment was 174.

Educational Attainment of People in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Disability

In Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in 2009-2013, 11 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from 3 percent of people under 18 years old, to 10 percent of people 18 to 64 years old, and to 45 percent of those 65 and over.

# Employment Status and Type of Employer

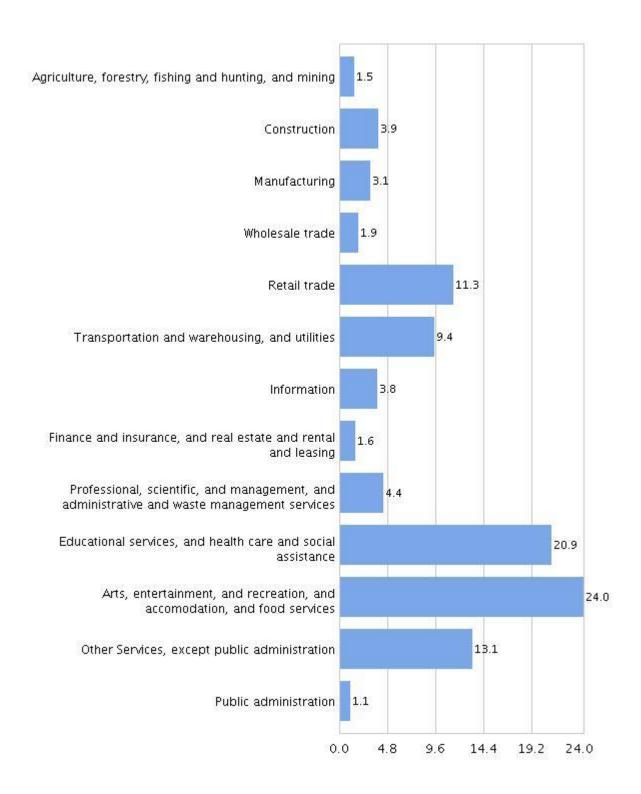
In Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 41 percent of the population 16 and over were employed; 48 percent were not currently in the labor force.

An estimated 82 percent of the people employed were private wage and salary workers; 8 percent were federal, state, or local government workers; and 11 percent were self-employed in their own (not incorporated) business.

| Class of worker  | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Private wage and salary workers                        | 887    | 81.9    |
| Federal, state, or local government workers            | 82     | 7.6     |
| Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business | 114    | 10.5    |

# Industries In 2009-2013, the civilian employed population 16 years and older in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida worked in the following industries:

Percent by Industry in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Occupations

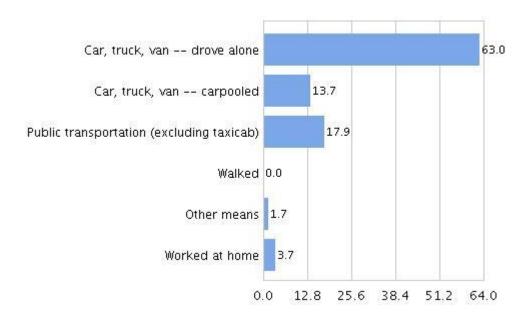
Occupations for the civilian employed population 16 years and over in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013:

| Civilian employed population 16 years and over               | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Management, business, sciences, and arts occupations         | 131    | 12.1    |
| Service occupations  | 407    | 37.6    |
| Sales and office occupations                                 | 248    | 22.9    |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 58     | 5.4     |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  | 239    | 22.1    |

# Commuting to Work

An estimated 63 percent of Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida workers drove to work alone in 2009-2013, and 14 percent carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 34 minutes to get to work.

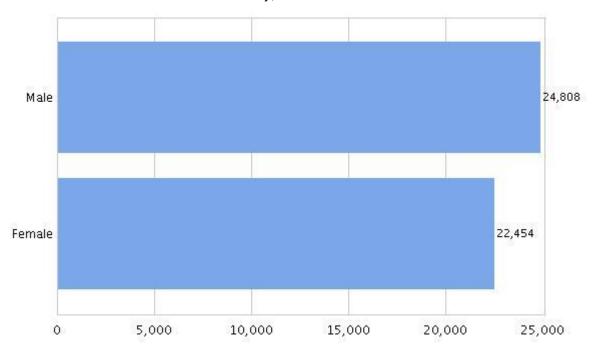
Percent of Workers 16 and over Commuting by Mode in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013





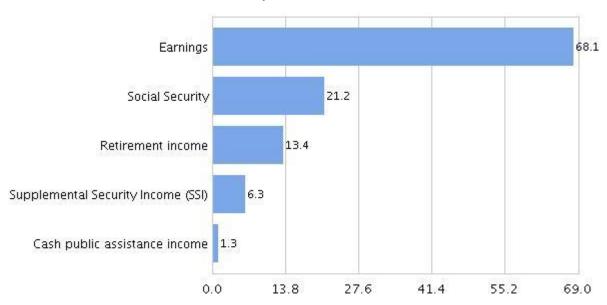
The median income of households in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida was \$22,880. An estimated 34 percent of households had income below \$15,000 a year and 3 percent had income over \$150,000 or more.

Median Earnings for Full-Time Year-Round Workers by Sex in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



An estimated 68 percent of the households received earnings and 13 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. An estimated 21 percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$11,375. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.

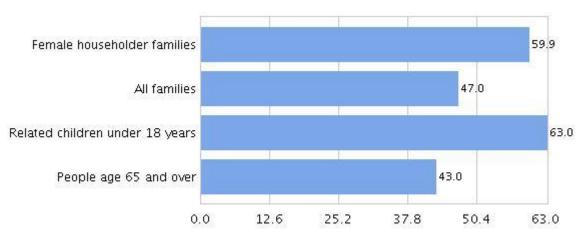
# County, Florida in 2009-2013



# **Poverty and Participation in Government Programs**

In 2009-2013, 47 percent of people were in poverty. An estimated 63 percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 43 percent of people 65 years old and over. An estimated 47 percent of all families and 60 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.

# Poverty Rates in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



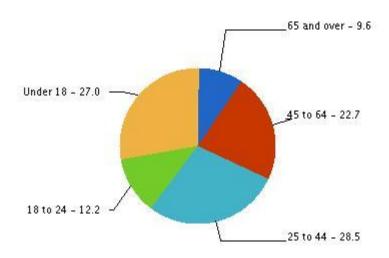
# Health Insurance

Among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 56 percent had health insurance coverage and 44 percent did not have health insurance coverage. For those under 18 years of age, 11 percent had no health insurance coverage. The civilian noninstitutionalized population had both private and public health insurance, with 22 percent having private coverage and 38 percent having public coverage.

# **Population**

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida has a total population of 3,500 -- 2,000 (57 percent) females and 1,500 (43 percent) males. The median age was 30.4 years. An estimated 27 percent of the population was under 18 years and 10 percent was 65 years and older.

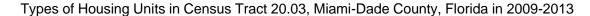
Age Distribution of People in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

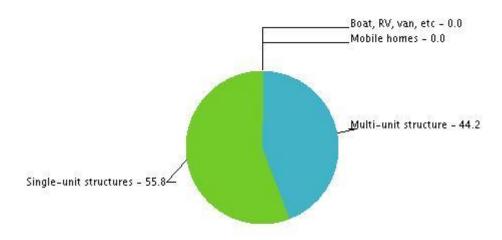


For people reporting one race alone, 27 percent were White; 70 percent were Black or African American; less than 0.5 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; less than 0.5 percent were Asian; less than 0.5 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 3 percent were some other race. An estimated 2 percent reported two or more races. An estimated 27 percent of the people in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida were Hispanic. An estimated 4 percent of the people in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

# Housing Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida had a total of 1,400 housing units, 24 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 56 percent were in single-unit structures, 44 percent were in multi-unit structures, and less than 0.5 percent were mobile homes. An estimated 14 percent of the housing units were built since 1990.





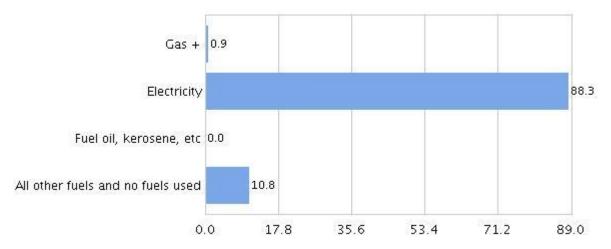
The median number of rooms in all housing units in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida is 4. Of these housing units, 35 percent have three or more bedrooms.

# Occupied Housing Unit Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida had 1,000 occupied housing units - 260 (25 percent) owner occupied and 784 (75 percent) renter occupied. An estimated 79 percent of householders of these units had moved in since 2000. An estimated 73 percent of the owner occupied units had a mortgage. An estimated 6 percent of the households did not have telephone service. An estimated 35 percent had no vehicles available and another 8 percent had three or more.

Homes in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida were heated in the following ways:

## House heating fuel used in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

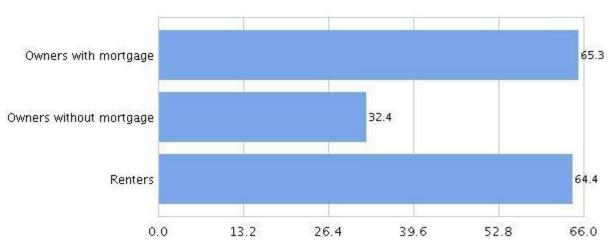


+this category includes utility, bottled, tank, or LP gas

# Housing Costs

The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$1,323, nonmortgaged owners \$261, and renters \$831. An estimated 65 percent of owners with mortgages, 32 percent of owners without mortgages, and 64 percent of renters in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

# Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in Census Tract 20.03, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Explanation of Symbols:

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

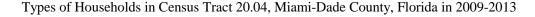
# Geography: Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida

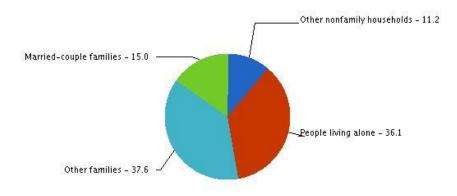
# Households and Families

In 2009-2013 there were 1,000 households in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida. The average household size was 2.9 people.

Families made up 53 percent of the households in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida. This figure includes both married-couple families (15 percent) and other families (38 percent). Of other families, 17 percent are female householder families with no husband present and own children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 47 percent of all households in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

In Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 32 percent of all households have one or more people under the age of 18; 25 percent of all households have one or more people 65 years and over.





Among persons 15 and older, 16 percent of males and 17 percent of females are currently married.

| Population 15 years and over  | Males | Females |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Never married                 | 61.7  | 53.4    |
| Now married, except separated | 16.3  | 16.6    |
| Separated                     | 1.2   | 14.1    |
| Widowed                       | 5.4   | 9.3     |
| Divorced                      | 15.4  | 6.6     |

In Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 117 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, 48 percent of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

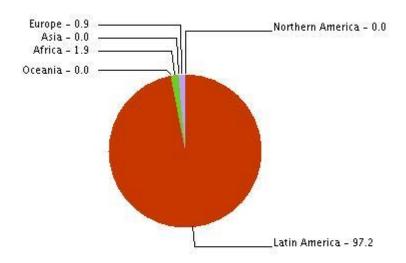
# Nativity and Foreign Born

An estimated 48 percent of the people living in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were native residents of the United States and 40 percent of these residents were living in the state in which they were born.

An estimated 52 percent of the people living in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were foreign born. Of the foreign born population, 32 percent were naturalized U.S. citizens, and 89 percent entered the country before the year 2010. An estimated 11 percent of the foreign born entered the country in 2010 or later.

Foreign born residents of Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida come from different parts of the world.

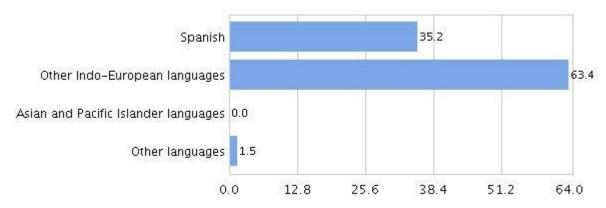
Region of Birth for the Foreign Born Population in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Language

Among people at least five years old living in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 74 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 35 percent spoke Spanish and 65 percent spoke some other language; 60 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

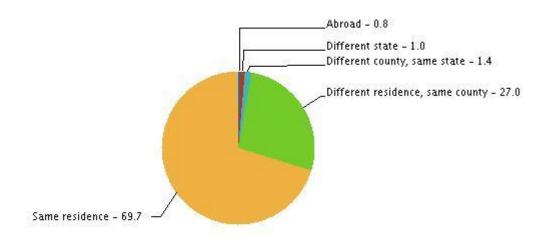
Percent of the Population 5 years and over who Speak a Language other than English in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Geographic Mobility

In 2009-2013, 70 percent of the people at least one year old living in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida were living in the same residence one year earlier.

Geographic Mobility of Residents of Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

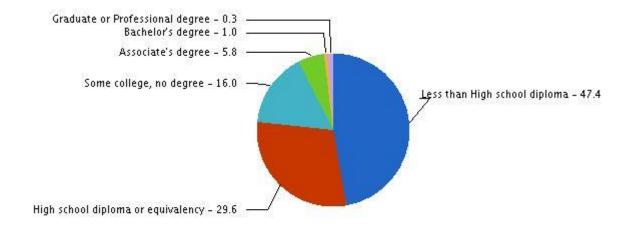


# Education

In 2009-2013, 53 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 1 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. An estimated 47 percent did not complete high school.

The total school enrollment in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida was 807 in 2009-2013. Nursery school and kindergarten enrollment was 68 and elementary or high school enrollment was 561 children. College or graduate school enrollment was 178.

Educational Attainment of People in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Disability

In Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in 2009-2013, 12 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from less than 0.5 percent of people under 18 years old, to 12 percent of people 18 to 64 years old, and to 33 percent of those 65 and over.

# Employment Status and Type of Employer

In Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 41 percent of the population 16 and over were employed; 43 percent were not currently in the labor force.

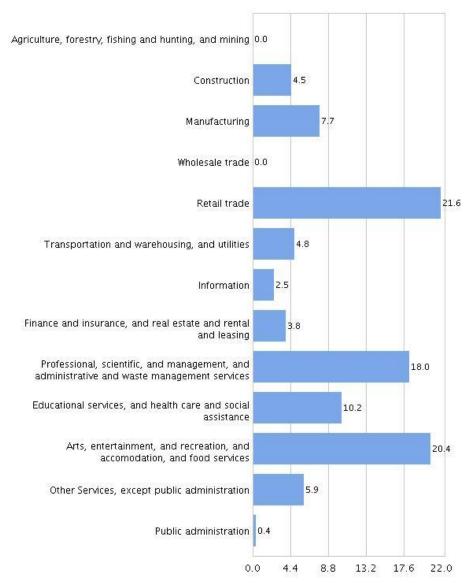
An estimated 83 percent of the people employed were private wage and salary workers; 11 percent were federal, state, or local government workers; and 5 percent were self-employed in their own (not incorporated) business.

| Class of worker  | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Private wage and salary workers                        | 786    | 82.8    |
| Federal, state, or local government workers            | 103    | 10.9    |
| Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business | 47     | 5.0     |

# Industries

In 2009-2013, the civilian employed population 16 years and older in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida worked in the following industries:

Percent by Industry in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Occupations

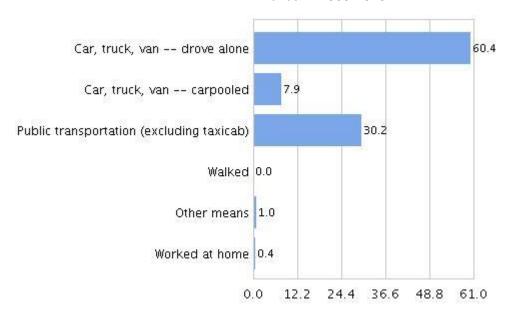
Occupations for the civilian employed population 16 years and over in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013:

| Civilian employed population 16 years and over               | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Management, business, sciences, and arts occupations         | 131    | 13.8    |
| Service occupations  | 405    | 42.7    |
| Sales and office occupations                                 | 185    | 19.5    |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 56     | 5.9     |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  | 172    | 18.1    |

# Commuting to Work

An estimated 60 percent of Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida workers drove to work alone in 2009-2013, and 8 percent carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 34 minutes to get to work.

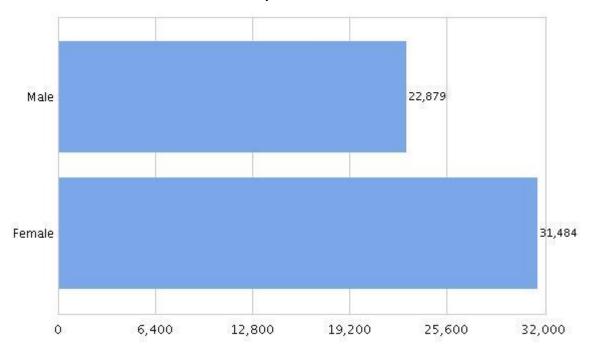
Percent of Workers 16 and over Commuting by Mode in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Income

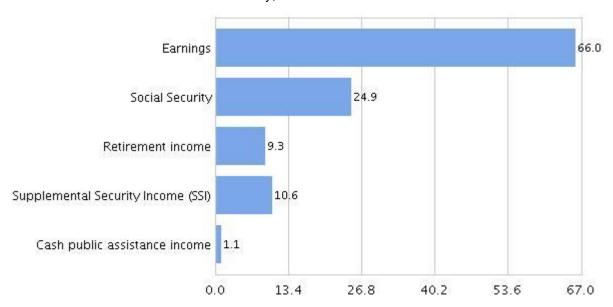
The median income of households in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida was \$23,170. An estimated 37 percent of households had income below \$15,000 a year and less than 0.5 percent had income over \$150,000 or more.

Median Earnings for Full-Time Year-Round Workers by Sex in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



An estimated 66 percent of the households received earnings and 9 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. An estimated 25 percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$11,660. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.

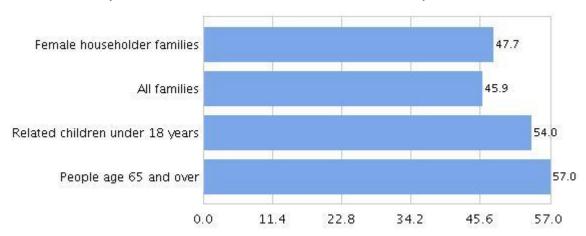
Proportion of Households with Various Income Sources in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



# Poverty and Participation in Government Programs

In 2009-2013, 48 percent of people were in poverty. An estimated 54 percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 57 percent of people 65 years old and over. An estimated 46 percent of all families and 48 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.

Poverty Rates in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



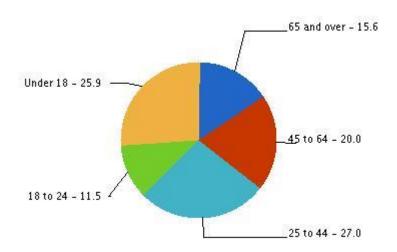
# Health Insurance

Among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 62 percent had health insurance coverage and 38 percent did not have health insurance coverage. For those under 18 years of age, 11 percent had no health insurance coverage. The civilian noninstitutionalized population had both private and public health insurance, with 16 percent having private coverage and 46 percent having public coverage.

# Population

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida has a total population of 2,900 -- 1,400 (49 percent) females and 1,500 (51 percent) males. The median age was 35.8 years. An estimated 26 percent of the population was under 18 years and 16 percent was 65 years and older.

Age Distribution of People in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

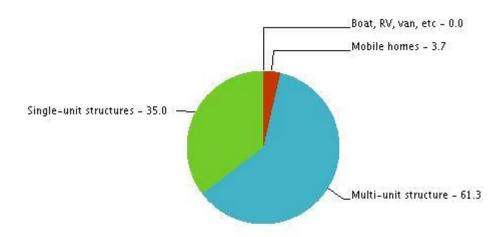


For people reporting one race alone, 28 percent were White; 71 percent were Black or African American; less than 0.5 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; less than 0.5 percent were Asian; less than 0.5 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 2 percent were some other race. An estimated 1 percent reported two or more races. An estimated 27 percent of the people in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida were Hispanic. An estimated 2 percent of the people in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

# ► Housing Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida had a total of 1,200 housing units, 16 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 35 percent were in single-unit structures, 61 percent were in multi-unit structures, and 4 percent were mobile homes. An estimated 37 percent of the housing units were built since 1990.

Types of Housing Units in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



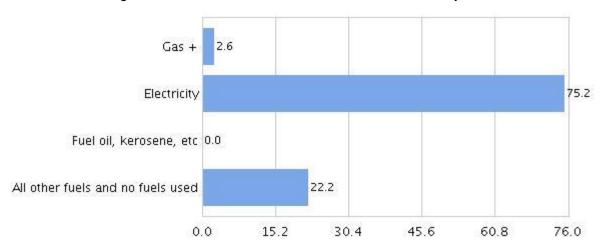
The median number of rooms in all housing units in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida is 4. Of these housing units, 20 percent have three or more bedrooms.

# Occupied Housing Unit Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida had 1,000 occupied housing units - 172 (17 percent) owner occupied and 846 (83 percent) renter occupied. An estimated 84 percent of householders of these units had moved in since 2000. An estimated 58 percent of the owner occupied units had a mortgage. An estimated 8 percent of the households did not have telephone service. An estimated 32 percent had no vehicles available and another 1 percent had three or more.

Homes in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida were heated in the following ways:

House heating fuel used in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

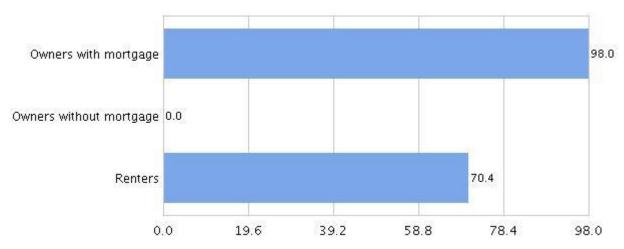


+this category includes utility, bottled, tank, or LP gas

# ► Housing Costs

The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$1,070, nonmortgaged owners \$384, and renters \$731. An estimated 98 percent of owners with mortgages, less than 0.5 percent of owners without mortgages, and 70 percent of renters in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in Census Tract 20.04, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Explanation of Symbols:

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the

lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

# Geography: Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida

- >> Expand All Sections
- << Collapse All Sections

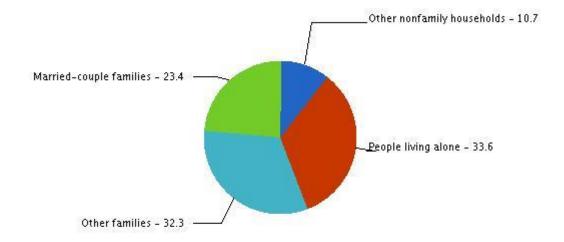
# Households and Families

In 2009-2013 there were 1,200 households in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. The average household size was 2.6 people.

Families made up 56 percent of the households in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. This figure includes both married-couple families (23 percent) and other families (32 percent). Of other families, 10 percent are female householder families with no husband present and own children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 44 percent of all households in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

In Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 28 percent of all households have one or more people under the age of 18; 19 percent of all households have one or more people 65 years and over.

Types of Households in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Among persons 15 and older, 24 percent of males and 23 percent of females are currently married.

| Population 15 years and over  | Males | Females |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Never married                 | 51.3  | 36.5    |
| Now married, except separated | 23.6  | 22.6    |
| Separated                     | 1.7   | 6.6     |
| Widowed                       | 3.9   | 18.5    |
| Divorced                      | 19.5  | 15.8    |

In Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 174 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, 45 percent of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

# Nativity and Foreign Born

An estimated 54 percent of the people living in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were native residents of the United States and 29 percent of these residents were living in the state in which they were born.

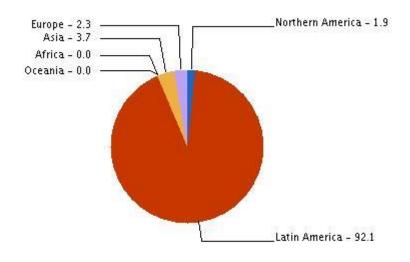
An estimated 46 percent of the people living in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were foreign born. Of the foreign born population, 51 percent were naturalized U.S. citizens, and 94 percent entered

the country before the year 2010. An estimated 6 percent of the foreign born entered the country in 2010 or later.

Foreign born residents of Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida come from different parts of the world.

Region of Birth for the Foreign Born Population in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

click graph to view data in table format

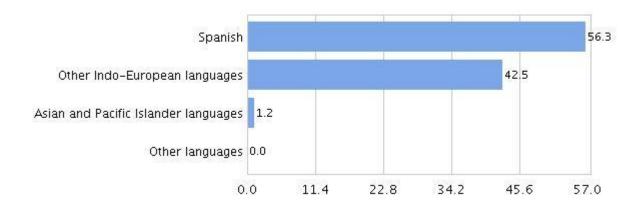


# Language

Among people at least five years old living in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 58 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 56 percent spoke Spanish and 44 percent spoke some other language; 52 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

Percent of the Population 5 years and over who Speak a Language other than English in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

click graph to view data in table format

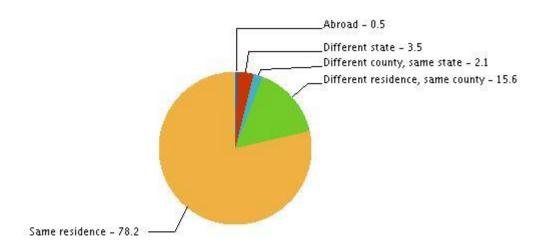


# Geographic Mobility

In 2009-2013, 78 percent of the people at least one year old living in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were living in the same residence one year earlier.

Geographic Mobility of Residents of Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

click graph to view data in table format



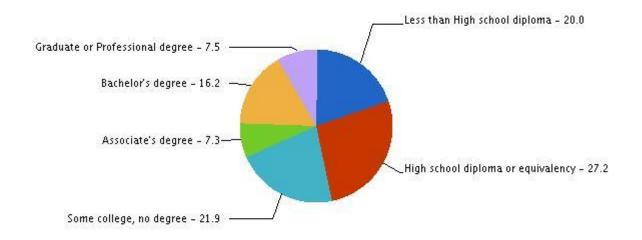
# Education

In 2009-2013, 80 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 24 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. An estimated 20 percent did not complete high school.

The total school enrollment in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida was 719 in 2009-2013. Nursery school and kindergarten enrollment was 127 and elementary or high school enrollment was 303 children. College or graduate school enrollment was 289.

Educational Attainment of People in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

click graph to view data in table format



# Disability

In Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in 2009-2013, 8 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from less than 0.5 percent of people under 18 years old, to 7 percent of people 18 to 64 years old, and to 29 percent of those 65 and over.

# Employment Status and Type of Employer

In Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 57 percent of the population 16 and over were employed; 35 percent were not currently in the labor force.

An estimated 77 percent of the people employed were private wage and salary workers; 15 percent were federal, state, or local government workers; and 7 percent were self-employed in their own (not incorporated) business.

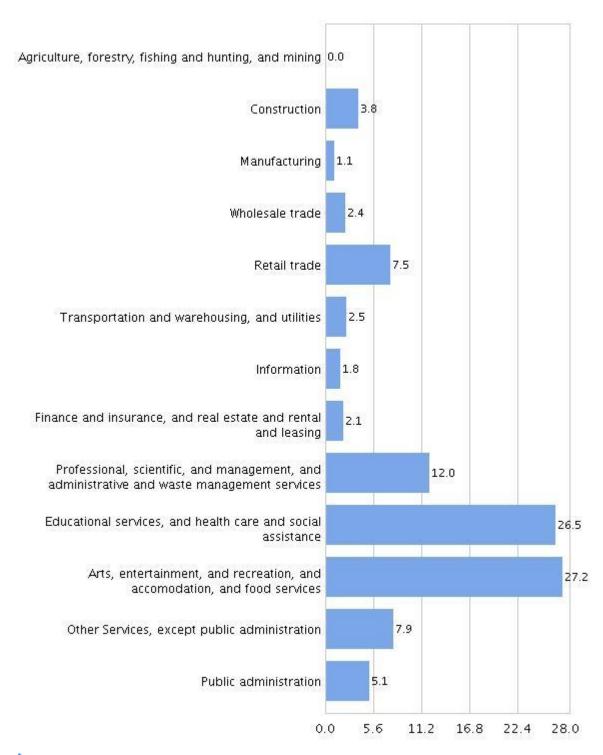
| Class of worker | Number | Percent |
|-----------------|--------|---------|
|-----------------|--------|---------|

| Private wage and salary workers                        | 1,377 | 77.5 |
|--|-------|------|
| Federal, state, or local government workers            | 275   | 15.5 |
| Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business | 125   | 7.0  |

## **Industries**

In 2009-2013, the civilian employed population 16 years and older in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida worked in the following industries:

Percent by Industry in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format



## **Occupations**

Occupations for the civilian employed population 16 years and over in Census Tract 22.01,

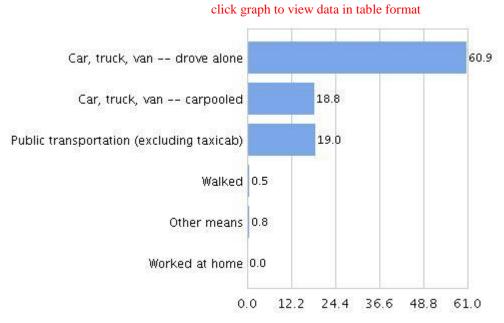
#### Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013:

| Civilian employed population 16 years and over               | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Management, business, sciences, and arts occupations         | 524    | 29.5    |
| Service occupations  | 570    | 32.1    |
| Sales and office occupations                                 | 485    | 27.3    |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 78     | 4.4     |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  | 120    | 6.8     |

## Commuting to Work

An estimated 61 percent of Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida workers drove to work alone in 2009-2013, and 19 percent carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 26 minutes to get to work.

Percent of Workers 16 and over Commuting by Mode in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



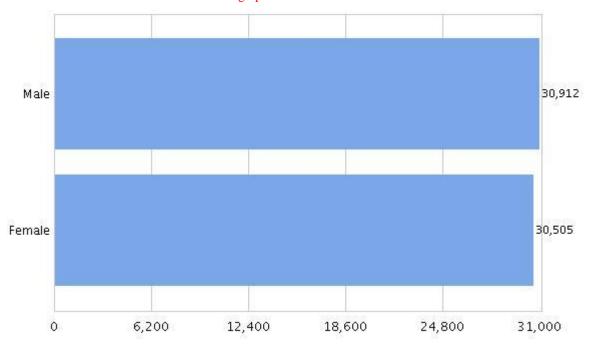
## Income

The median income of households in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida was \$36,819. An estimated 16 percent of households had income below \$15,000 a year and 4 percent had income over \$150,000 or more.

Median Earnings for Full-Time Year-Round Workers by Sex in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade

#### County, Florida in 2009-2013

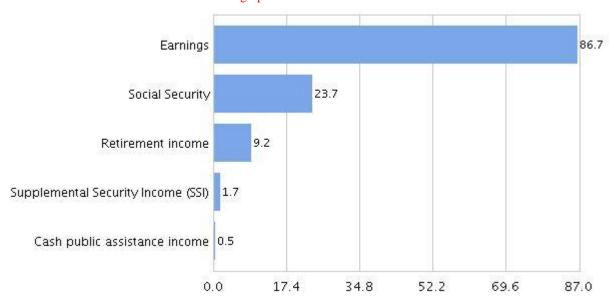
click graph to view data in table format



An estimated 87 percent of the households received earnings and 9 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. An estimated 24 percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$13,873. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.

Proportion of Households with Various Income Sources in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

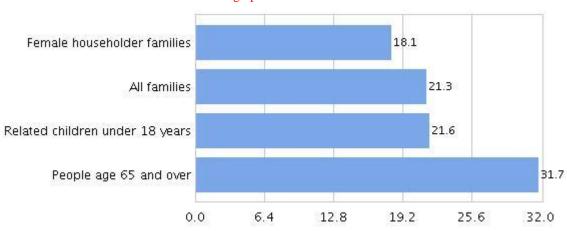
click graph to view data in table format



#### Poverty and Participation in Government Programs

In 2009-2013, 23 percent of people were in poverty. An estimated 22 percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 32 percent of people 65 years old and over. An estimated 21 percent of all families and 18 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.

Poverty Rates in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format

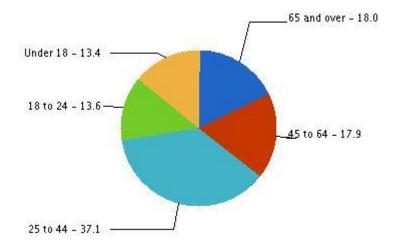


#### Health Insurance

Among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 62 percent had health insurance coverage and 38 percent did not have health insurance coverage. For those under 18 years of age, 16 percent had no health insurance coverage. The civilian noninstitutionalized population had both private and public health insurance, with 41 percent having private coverage and 24 percent having public coverage.

#### **Population**

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida has a total population of 3,500 -- 1,900 (54 percent) females and 1,600 (46 percent) males. The median age was 36.5 years. An estimated 13 percent of the population was under 18 years and 18 percent was 65 years and older.

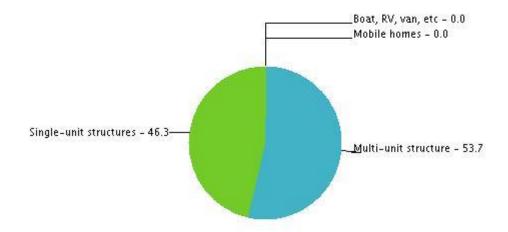


For people reporting one race alone, 45 percent were White; 46 percent were Black or African American; less than 0.5 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; 1 percent were Asian; less than 0.5 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 9 percent were some other race. An estimated 1 percent reported two or more races. An estimated 36 percent of the people in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were Hispanic. An estimated 17 percent of the people in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

## Housing Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida had a total of 1,400 housing units, 18 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 46 percent were in single-unit structures, 54 percent were in multi-unit structures, and less than 0.5 percent were mobile homes. An estimated 5 percent of the housing units were built since 1990.

Types of Housing Units in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format



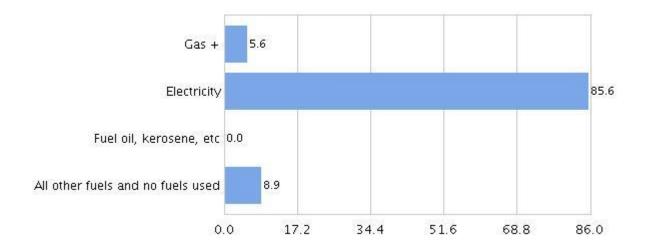
The median number of rooms in all housing units in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida is 4. Of these housing units, 35 percent have three or more bedrooms.

## Occupied Housing Unit Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida had 1,200 occupied housing units - 393 (34 percent) owner occupied and 778 (66 percent) renter occupied. An estimated 77 percent of householders of these units had moved in since 2000. An estimated 68 percent of the owner occupied units had a mortgage. An estimated 1 percent of the households did not have telephone service. An estimated 6 percent had no vehicles available and another 5 percent had three or more.

Homes in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida were heated in the following ways:

House heating fuel used in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format

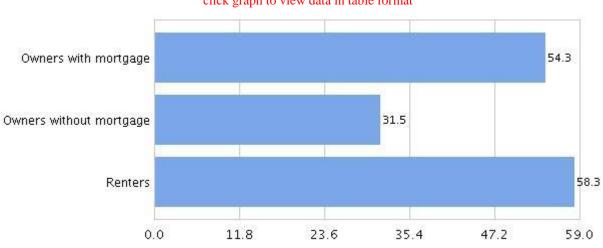


+this category includes utility, bottled, tank, or LP gas

## **▶** Housing Costs

The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$1,355, nonmortgaged owners \$551, and renters \$1,140. An estimated 54 percent of owners with mortgages, 31 percent of owners without mortgages, and 58 percent of renters in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

## Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in Census Tract 22.01, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



click graph to view data in table format

Explanation of Symbols:

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

#### Geography: Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida

- >> Expand All Sections
- << Collapse All Sections

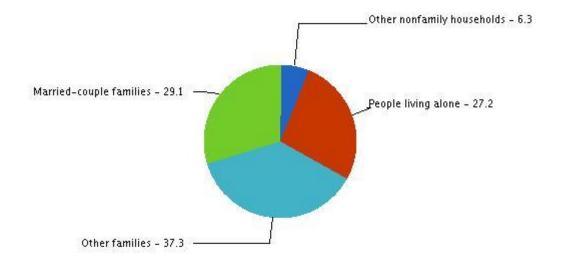
#### Households and Families

In 2009-2013 there were 1,700 households in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida. The average household size was 3.4 people.

Families made up 66 percent of the households in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida. This figure includes both married-couple families (29 percent) and other families (37 percent). Of other families, 11 percent are female householder families with no husband present and own children under 18 years. Nonfamily households made up 34 percent of all households in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were composed of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

In Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 33 percent of all households have one or more people under the age of 18; 39 percent of all households have one or more people 65 years and over.

Types of Households in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format



Among persons 15 and older, 28 percent of males and 31 percent of females are currently married.

| Population 15 years and over  | Males | Females |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Never married                 | 56.7  | 45.9    |
| Now married, except separated | 28.2  | 31.0    |
| Separated                     | 4.3   | 4.7     |
| Widowed                       | 2.7   | 12.3    |
| Divorced                      | 8.2   | 6.1     |

In Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 168 grandparents lived with their grandchildren under 18 years old. Of those grandparents, 8 percent of them had financial responsibility for their grandchildren.

### Nativity and Foreign Born

An estimated 56 percent of the people living in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were native residents of the United States and 39 percent of these residents were living in the state in which they were born.

An estimated 44 percent of the people living in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 were foreign born. Of the foreign born population, 43 percent were naturalized U.S. citizens, and 98 percent entered the country

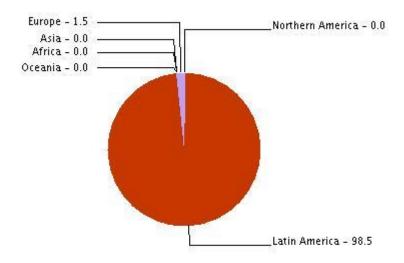
before the year 2010. An estimated 2 percent of the foreign born entered

the country in 2010 or later.

Foreign born residents of Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida come from different parts of the world.

Region of Birth for the Foreign Born Population in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

click graph to view data in table format

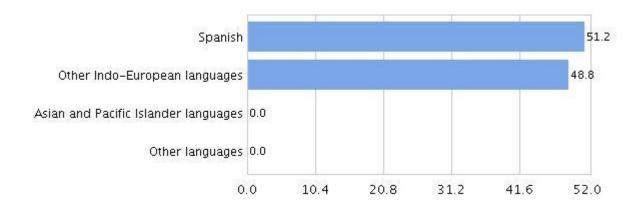


## Language

Among people at least five years old living in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 63 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 51 percent spoke Spanish and 49 percent spoke some other language; 56 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

Percent of the Population 5 years and over who Speak a Language other than English in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

click graph to view data in table format

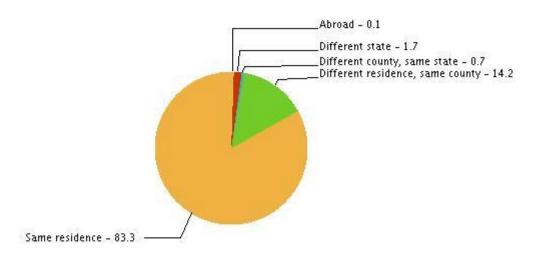


## Geographic Mobility

In 2009-2013, 83 percent of the people at least one year old living in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida were living in the same residence one year earlier.

Geographic Mobility of Residents of Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

click graph to view data in table format



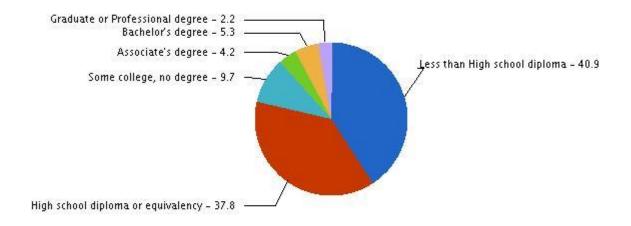
#### Education

In 2009-2013, 59 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 7 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. An estimated 41 percent did not complete high school.

The total school enrollment in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida was 1,500 in 2009-2013. Nursery school and kindergarten enrollment was 275 and elementary or high school enrollment was 830 children. College or graduate school enrollment was 393.

Educational Attainment of People in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

click graph to view data in table format



### Disability

In Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in 2009-2013, 16 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from 2 percent of people under 18 years old, to 16 percent of people 18 to 64 years old, and to 33 percent of those 65 and over.

#### Employment Status and Type of Employer

In Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida, 42 percent of the population 16 and over were employed; 46 percent were not currently in the labor force.

An estimated 80 percent of the people employed were private wage and salary workers; 8 percent were federal, state, or local government workers; and 12 percent were self-employed in their own (not incorporated) business.

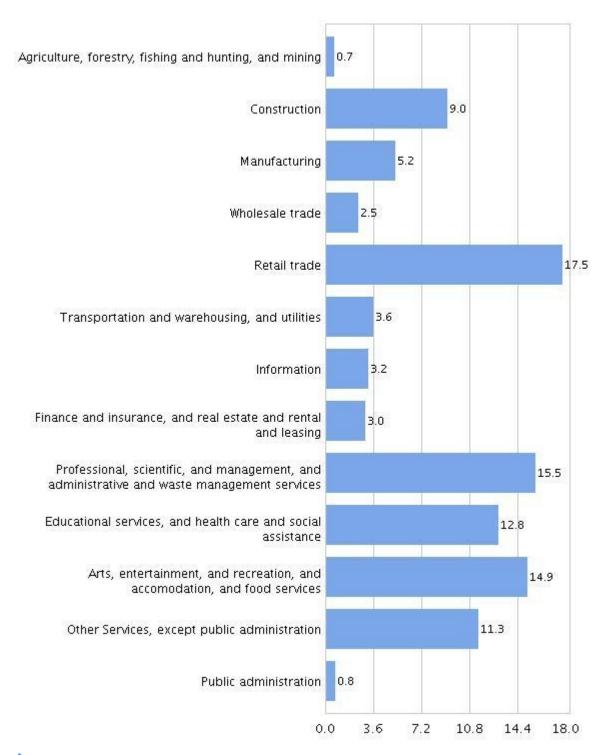
| Class of worker | Number | Percent |
|-----------------|--------|---------|
|-----------------|--------|---------|

| Private wage and salary workers                        | 1,531 | 79.9 |
|--|-------|------|
| Federal, state, or local government workers            | 159   | 8.3  |
| Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business | 225   | 11.7 |

## **Industries**

In 2009-2013, the civilian employed population 16 years and older in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida worked in the following industries:

Percent by Industry in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format



## Occupations

Occupations for the civilian employed population 16 years and over in Census Tract 22.02,

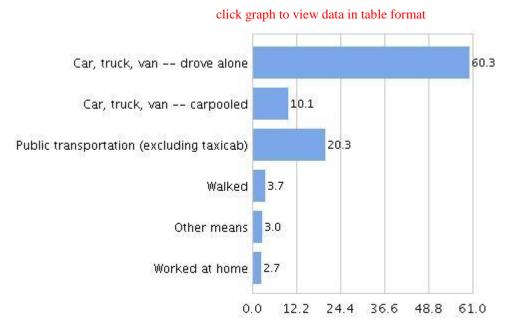
#### Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013:

| Civilian employed population 16 years and over               | Number | Percent |
|--|--------|---------|
| Management, business, sciences, and arts occupations         | 183    | 9.6     |
| Service occupations  | 652    | 34.0    |
| Sales and office occupations                                 | 560    | 29.2    |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 293    | 15.3    |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations  | 227    | 11.9    |

## Commuting to Work

An estimated 60 percent of Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida workers drove to work alone in 2009-2013, and 10 percent carpooled. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 27 minutes to get to work.

Percent of Workers 16 and over Commuting by Mode in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



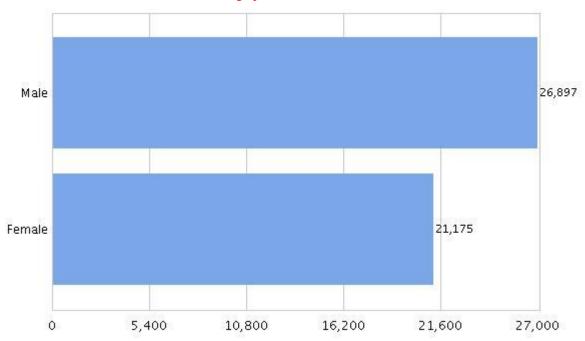
#### Income

The median income of households in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida was \$23,767. An estimated 34 percent of households had income below \$15,000 a year and less than 0.5 percent had income over \$150,000 or more.

Median Earnings for Full-Time Year-Round Workers by Sex in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade

#### County, Florida in 2009-2013

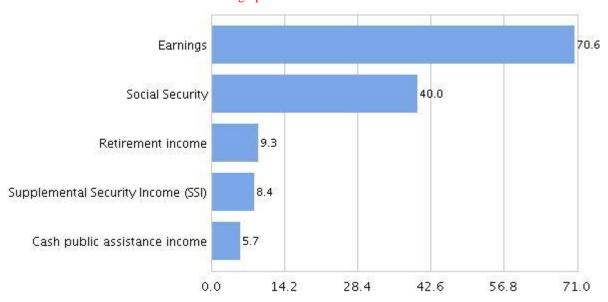
click graph to view data in table format



An estimated 71 percent of the households received earnings and 9 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. An estimated 40 percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$14,809. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.

Proportion of Households with Various Income Sources in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013

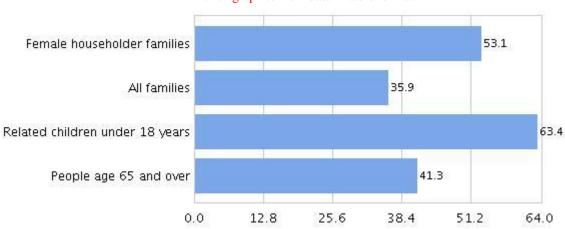
click graph to view data in table format



#### Poverty and Participation in Government Programs

In 2009-2013, 46 percent of people were in poverty. An estimated 63 percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 41 percent of people 65 years old and over. An estimated 36 percent of all families and 53 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.

Poverty Rates in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format

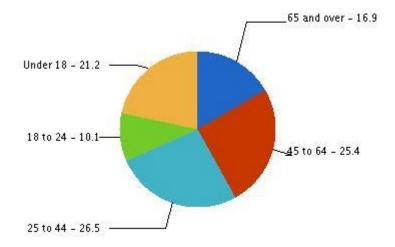


#### Health Insurance

Among the civilian noninstitutionalized population in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013, 58 percent had health insurance coverage and 42 percent did not have health insurance coverage. For those under 18 years of age, 28 percent had no health insurance coverage. The civilian noninstitutionalized population had both private and public health insurance, with 22 percent having private coverage and 42 percent having public coverage.

#### **Population**

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida has a total population of 5,700 -- 2,800 (50 percent) females and 2,900 (50 percent) males. The median age was 37.8 years. An estimated 21 percent of the population was under 18 years and 17 percent was 65 years and older.

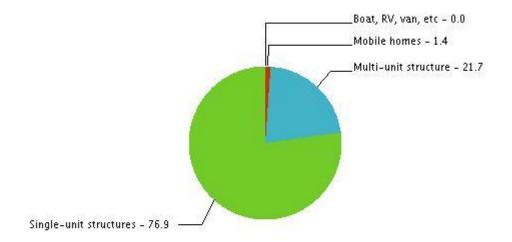


For people reporting one race alone, 25 percent were White; 68 percent were Black or African American; less than 0.5 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; less than 0.5 percent were Asian; less than 0.5 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 7 percent were some other race. An estimated 2 percent reported two or more races. An estimated 34 percent of the people in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida were Hispanic. An estimated 4 percent of the people in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

## Housing Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida had a total of 2,000 housing units, 16 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 77 percent were in single-unit structures, 22 percent were in multi-unit structures, and 1 percent were mobile homes. An estimated 6 percent of the housing units were built since 1990.

Types of Housing Units in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format



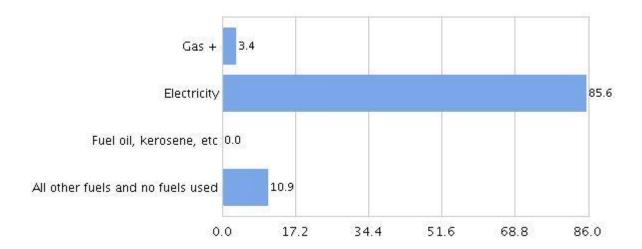
The median number of rooms in all housing units in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida is 5. Of these housing units, 44 percent have three or more bedrooms.

## Occupied Housing Unit Characteristics

In 2009-2013, Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida had 1,700 occupied housing units - 821 (50 percent) owner occupied and 833 (50 percent) renter occupied. An estimated 61 percent of householders of these units had moved in since 2000. An estimated 58 percent of the owner occupied units had a mortgage. An estimated 9 percent of the households did not have telephone service. An estimated 29 percent had no vehicles available and another 11 percent had three or more.

Homes in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida were heated in the following ways:

House heating fuel used in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013 click graph to view data in table format

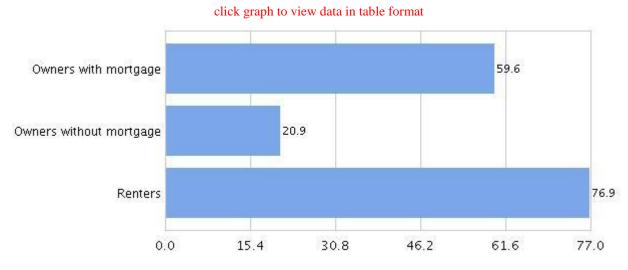


+this category includes utility, bottled, tank, or LP gas

## **▶** Housing Costs

The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$1,253, nonmortgaged owners \$357, and renters \$961. An estimated 60 percent of owners with mortgages, 21 percent of owners without mortgages, and 77 percent of renters in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

## Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in Census Tract 22.02, Miami-Dade County, Florida in 2009-2013



Explanation of Symbols:

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.



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# APPENDIX C Community Survey and Results

A detailed ranked frequency table listing all 43 concerns endorsed by respondents in descending order is available below followed by copies of the actual survey administered in both English and Haitian Creole.

| Ranking | Community Need         | Frequency | Percent | Ranking  | <b>Community Need</b> | Frequency | Percent |
|---------|------------------------|-----------|---------|----------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|
|         |                        |           |         |          | Intervention          |           |         |
| 1       | Affordable Housing     | 58        | 72.5%   | 23       | Programs              | 24        | 30.0%   |
| 2       | Health Insurance       | 53        | 66.3%   | 24       | FCAT/Testing          | 24        | 30.0%   |
| 3       | After School Programs  | 49        | 61.3%   | 25       | Teacher Shortages     | 24        | 30.0%   |
| 4       | Public Transportation  | 48        | 60.0%   | 26       | Recycling             | 24        | 30.0%   |
| 5       | Energy Reduction       | 47        | 58.8%   | 27       | Pollution             | 24        | 30.0%   |
|         | Domestic Violence      |           |         |          |                       |           |         |
| 6       | Prevention Programs    | 42        | 52.5%   | 28       | Crime                 | 24        | 30.0%   |
| 7       | Early Development      | 41        | 51.3%   | 29       | Homelessness          | 23        | 28.8%   |
| 8       | Parks and Recreation   | 37        | 46.3%   | 30       | Teen Pregnancy        | 23        | 28.8%   |
| 9       | Minimum Wage           | 35        | 43.8%   | 31       | Day Care              | 23        | 28.8%   |
| 10      | Vital Local Busniess   | 33        | 41.3%   | 32       | College Access        | 22        | 27.5%   |
| 11      | In Home Care           | 32        | 40.0%   | 33       | Immunization          | 22        | 27.5%   |
| 12      | Roads                  | 31        | 38.8%   | 34       | Paying for College    | 21        | 26.3%   |
| 13      | Sanitation             | 31        | 38.8%   | 35       | Child Abuse           | 21        | 26.3%   |
| 14      | Free and Low Cost Care | 30        | 37.5%   | 36       | Adult Literacy        | 20        | 25.0%   |
| 15      | English as a 2nd Lang  | 28        | 35.0%   | 37       | Language Barrier      | 20        | 25.0%   |
| 16      | Transitional Housing   | 27        | 33.8%   | 38       | Poverty               | 20        | 25.0%   |
| 17      | Unemployment           | 26        | 32.5%   | 39       | Drug Sale             | 19        | 23.8%   |
| 18      | School Violence        | 26        | 32.5%   | 40       | Gangs                 | 19        | 23.8%   |
| 19      | Prescription Drugs     | 26        | 32.5%   | 41       | Hunger                | 16        | 20.0%   |
| 20      | Immigration            | 26        | 32.5%   | 42       | Foreclosures          | 12        | 15.0%   |
|         |                        |           |         |          | Juvenile              |           |         |
| 21      | Drop-out Rates         | 25        | 31.3%   | 43       | Incarceration         | 12        | 15.0%   |
| 22      | Nursing Home           | 25        | 31.3%   | Total Nu | ımber of Responses    | 80        |         |



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### **Needs Assessment Survey**

What are the critical needs in our community? Circle the top five greatest needs in the Little Haiti community

| Domestic Violence                | Environment            | Infrastructure              |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Prevention Programs              | Recycling              | Public Transportation       |
| Intervention Programs            | Energy Reduction       | Roads                       |
| Transitional Housing             | Parks and Recreation   | Sanitation                  |
| Economy                          | Pollution              | Public Safety               |
| Vital Local Business             | Health                 | Crime                       |
| Unemployment                     | Health Insurance       | Drug Sale                   |
| Minimum Wage                     | Free and Low Cost Care | Gangs                       |
|                                  |                        |                             |
| Education                        | Immunization           | Human Services              |
| Early Development ———            | Housing                | Child Abuse<br>Day Care     |
| FCAT/ Testing                    | Affordable Housing     | Poverty                     |
| Drop-out rates                   | Homelessness           | Hunger Immigration          |
| English as a Second<br>Languages | Foreclosures           | Infrastructure              |
| Adult Literacy                   | Youth Development      | Dublia Transportation       |
| Teacher Shortages                | Teen pregnancy         | Public Transportation Roads |
| School Violence                  | After School Programs  | Sanitation                  |
| College Access                   | Juvenile Incarceration | Other (Please identify)     |
| Paying for College               | Senior Care            |                             |

| GANGALTERNATIVE  |                    | Today's Date: |
|------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Language Barrier | In home care       |               |
|                  | Nursing Homes      |               |
|                  | Prescription Drugs |               |



| What changes would you like to see in this community?           |
|---|
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
| What things can be done to improve the issues you identified?   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
| Why do you think these improvements will make a difference?     |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
| If you have any other comments or feedback, please write below: |
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Ki bezwen ki pi kritik nan kominote nou an? Fè yon ti won sou senk pi gwo bezwen yo nan kominote Little Ayiti

| Vyolans Domestik                       | Anvironnman                       | Enfrastrikti              |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Pwogram Prevansyon                     | Resikle                           |                           |
| <br>Program Entèvansyon                |                                   | Transpò Piblik            |
| Transitional Housing                   | Elektrisite Bon Mache             | Wout<br>Sanitasyon        |
| Ekonomi                                | Pak Piblik<br>Polisyon            | Sekirite Piblik           |
| Biznis Enpotan nan  Kominote an        | Sante                             | krim                      |
| Chomaj<br>———                          | Asirans Sante Pri Swen ki Ba oswa | Dwòg kap Vann             |
| Salè Minimòm                           | Gratis                            | Gang                      |
| Pousantaj Povrete                      | Swen gwosès                       | Preparasyon Ijans         |
| Edikasyon                              | Vaksinasyon                       | Sèvis Imen                |
| Early Development ———                  | Lojman                            | Abi sou Timoun<br>Gadri   |
| FCAT/ Test                             | Kay Bon Mache                     | Povrete                   |
| Pousantaj Timoun Ki<br>Refise al Lekòl | Sanzabri                          | Grangou<br><br>Imigrasyon |
| Aprann Angle                           | Sezi Kay                          |                           |
| Alfabetizasyon Pou<br>Granmoun         | Youth Development                 |                           |
| Lekòl Ki Manke Pwofesè                 | Gwosès Kay Jenn                   |                           |
| Vyolans nan Lekòl                      | Pwogram Apre Lekol                |                           |
| Aksè a Inivèsite                       | Anprizonman jenn                  | Lòt (Tanpri idantifye)    |
|  |                                   |                           |

| GANGALTERNATIVE    |                   |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| Peye pou Inivèsite | Swen Pou Granmoun |  |
| Pale Angle a Moun  | Swen nan kay      |  |
|                    | Kay Retrèt        |  |
|                    | Preskripsyon      |  |



| Ki chanjman ou ta renmen wè nan kominote sa a?                 |
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| Ki bagay ka fè amelyore pwoblèm sa yo ou idantifye?            |
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| Doubling our pages amplyareavan as us prol tà van diference?   |
| Poukisa ou panse amelyorasyon sa yo pral fè yon diferans?      |
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| Si w gen nenpòt lòt kòmantè oswa sijesyon, tanpri ekri anba a: |
| or w germenpot for komante oswa sijesyon, tanpir ekir anba a.  |
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## APPENDIX D Focus Group Questions

#### **Focus Group Questions for Parents**

- 1. What is important to you as a parent as it relates to the community where your children grow up?
- 2. What does this community need to be a better place to live and raise your family?
- 3. What role do you as parents play in making this a better place to live?
- 4. What role does local government (commissioners, school board, mayor) play in making this a better place to live?
- 5. What role does a community organization like Gang Alternative play in making this a better place to live?
- 6. What do you need as a parent to help meet the needs of your children and your family?
- 7. What are some of the benefits of living in this community?
- 8. How are the schools in this community?
- 9. Are they meeting the needs of your children?
- 10. How are the parks and open spaces in this community
- 11. Are they meeting the needs of you and your family?
- 12. How is the access to transportation in the community? Buses, Metro Rail, etc.
- 13. Are there enough jobs in the community for those that want them?
- 14. Where would you go if you need help for yourself or for your children?
- 15. Would you seek out assistance from a community organization? If so, which ones and for which reasons?
- 16. What role does a safe community play in providing a good life for you and your family?

## Focus Group Questions for Youth ages 10-18

- 1. What is important to you as a young person as it relates to the community where you are growing up?
- 2. What does this community need to be a better place to live?
- 3. What role do you as young people play in making this a better place to live?
- 4. What role does local government (commissioners, school board, mayor) play in making this a better place to live?
- 5. What role does a community organization like Gang Alternative play in making this a better place to live?
- 6. What are some of the benefits of living in this community?
- 7. How are the schools in this community?
- 8. Are they meeting the needs of you and your family?

- 9. How are the parks and open spaces in this community
- 10. Are they meeting the needs of you and your family?
- 11. How is the access to transportation in the community? Buses, Metro Rail, etc.
- 12. Are there enough jobs in the community for those young people that want them?
- 13. Where would you go if you need help for yourself or for your family?
- 14. Would you seek out assistance from a community organization? If so, which ones and for which reasons?
- 15. What role does a safe community play in providing a good life for you and your family?

#### **Focus Group Questions for Teachers**

- 1. What is important to you as a teacher as it relates to the community where you work and where your students reside?
- 2. What does this community need to be a better place to live and work?
- 3. What role do you as teachers play in making this a better place to live?
- 4. What role does local government (commissioners, school board, mayor) play in making this a better place to live?
- 5. What role does a community organization like Gang Alternative play in making this a better place to live?
- 6. What do you need as a teacher to help meet the needs of your students and their families?
- 7. What are some of the benefits of working in this community?
- 8. How are the schools in this community?
- 9. Are they meeting the needs of the children?
- 10. How are the parks and open spaces in this community?
- 11. Are they meeting the needs of you and your students?
- 12. How is the access to transportation in the community? Buses, Metro Rail, etc.
- 13. Are there enough jobs in the community for those that want them?
- 14. Where would you go if you need help for your students?
- 15. Would you seek out assistance from a community organization? If so, which ones and for which reasons?
- 16. What role does a safe community play in providing a good life for your students and their families?



## **CONTACT US**

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